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Mumick

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(54) **ADAPTIVE COMMUNICATION MODE FOR RECORDING A MEDIA MESSAGE**

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(51) **Int. Cl.**

H04B 1/38	(2006.01)
H04L 12/58	(2006.01)
H04W 4/00	(2009.01)
H04M 1/65	(2006.01)
H04M 1/725	(2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**

CPC ***H04M 1/65*** (2013.01); ***H04M 1/7255*** (2013.01); *H04M 2250/22* (2013.01)

USPC **455/550.1**; 455/90.1; 455/412.1; 455/466

(58) **Field of Classification Search**

CPC H04M 1/65; G06F 3/0484; G06F 3/0487; H04W 4/12; H04L 12/5895

USPC 455/90.1, 412.2–414.1, 418, 466, 550.1

See application file for complete search history.

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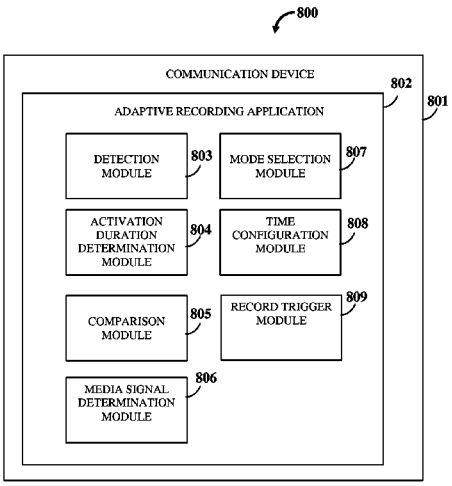
(57) **ABSTRACT**

A computer implemented method and system for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device is provided. An adaptive recording application detects activation of an interface element, for example, a push or a touch of a button on the communication device and determines duration of the activation of the interface element. The adaptive recording application, in response to the detection of the activation of the interface element, selects a communication mode, for example, a push to talk communication mode, a tap to start communication mode, etc., based on a comparison of the duration of the activation of the interface element with one or more configurable timing parameters and/or a determination of a presence or an absence of a media signal during and/or after the activation of the interface element. The adaptive recording application initiates recording of the media message in the selected communication mode.

48 Claims, 11 Drawing Sheets



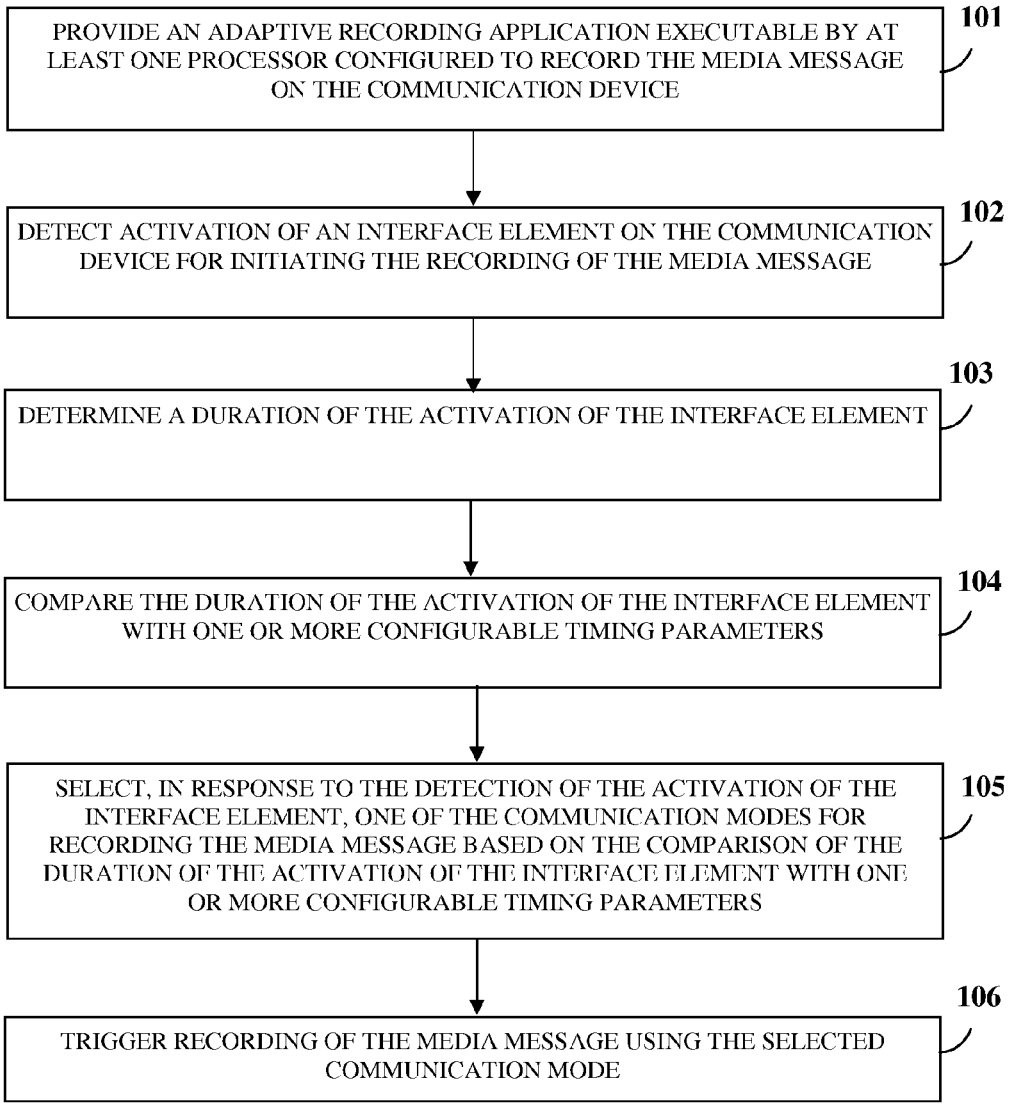

PROVIDE AN ADAPTIVE RECORDING APPLICATION EXECUTABLE BY AT LEAST ONE PROCESSOR CONFIGURED TO RECORD THE MEDIA MESSAGE ON THE COMMUNICATION DEVICE
101
DETECT ACTIVATION OF AN INTERFACE ELEMENT ON THE COMMUNICATION DEVICE FOR INITIATING THE RECORDING OF THE MEDIA MESSAGE
102
DETERMINE A DURATION OF THE ACTIVATION OF THE INTERFACE ELEMENT
103
COMPARE THE DURATION OF THE ACTIVATION OF THE INTERFACE ELEMENT WITH ONE OR MORE CONFIGURABLE TIMING PARAMETERS
104
SELECT, IN RESPONSE TO THE DETECTION OF THE ACTIVATION OF THE INTERFACE ELEMENT, ONE OF THE COMMUNICATION MODES FOR RECORDING THE MEDIA MESSAGE BASED ON THE COMPARISON OF THE DURATION OF THE ACTIVATION OF THE INTERFACE ELEMENT WITH ONE OR MORE CONFIGURABLE TIMING PARAMETERS
105
TRIGGER RECORDING OF THE MEDIA MESSAGE USING THE SELECTED COMMUNICATION MODE
106

FIG. 1A

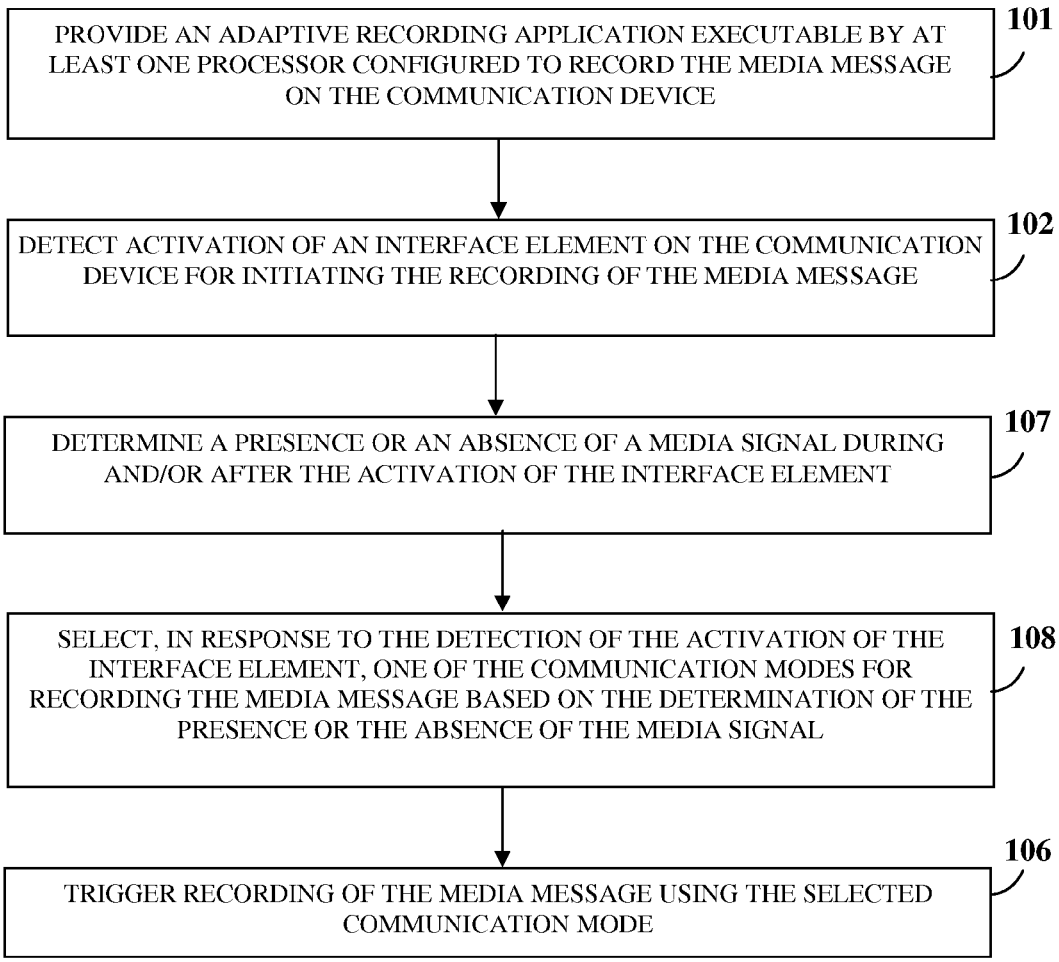

PROVIDE AN ADAPTIVE RECORDING APPLICATION EXECUTABLE BY AT LEAST ONE PROCESSOR CONFIGURED TO RECORD THE MEDIA MESSAGE ON THE COMMUNICATION DEVICE
101
DETECT ACTIVATION OF AN INTERFACE ELEMENT ON THE COMMUNICATION DEVICE FOR INITIATING THE RECORDING OF THE MEDIA MESSAGE
102
DETERMINE A PRESENCE OR AN ABSENCE OF A MEDIA SIGNAL DURING AND/OR AFTER THE ACTIVATION OF THE INTERFACE ELEMENT
107
SELECT, IN RESPONSE TO THE DETECTION OF THE ACTIVATION OF THE INTERFACE ELEMENT, ONE OF THE COMMUNICATION MODES FOR RECORDING THE MEDIA MESSAGE BASED ON THE DETERMINATION OF THE PRESENCE OR THE ABSENCE OF THE MEDIA SIGNAL
108
TRIGGER RECORDING OF THE MEDIA MESSAGE USING THE SELECTED COMMUNICATION MODE
106

FIG. 1B

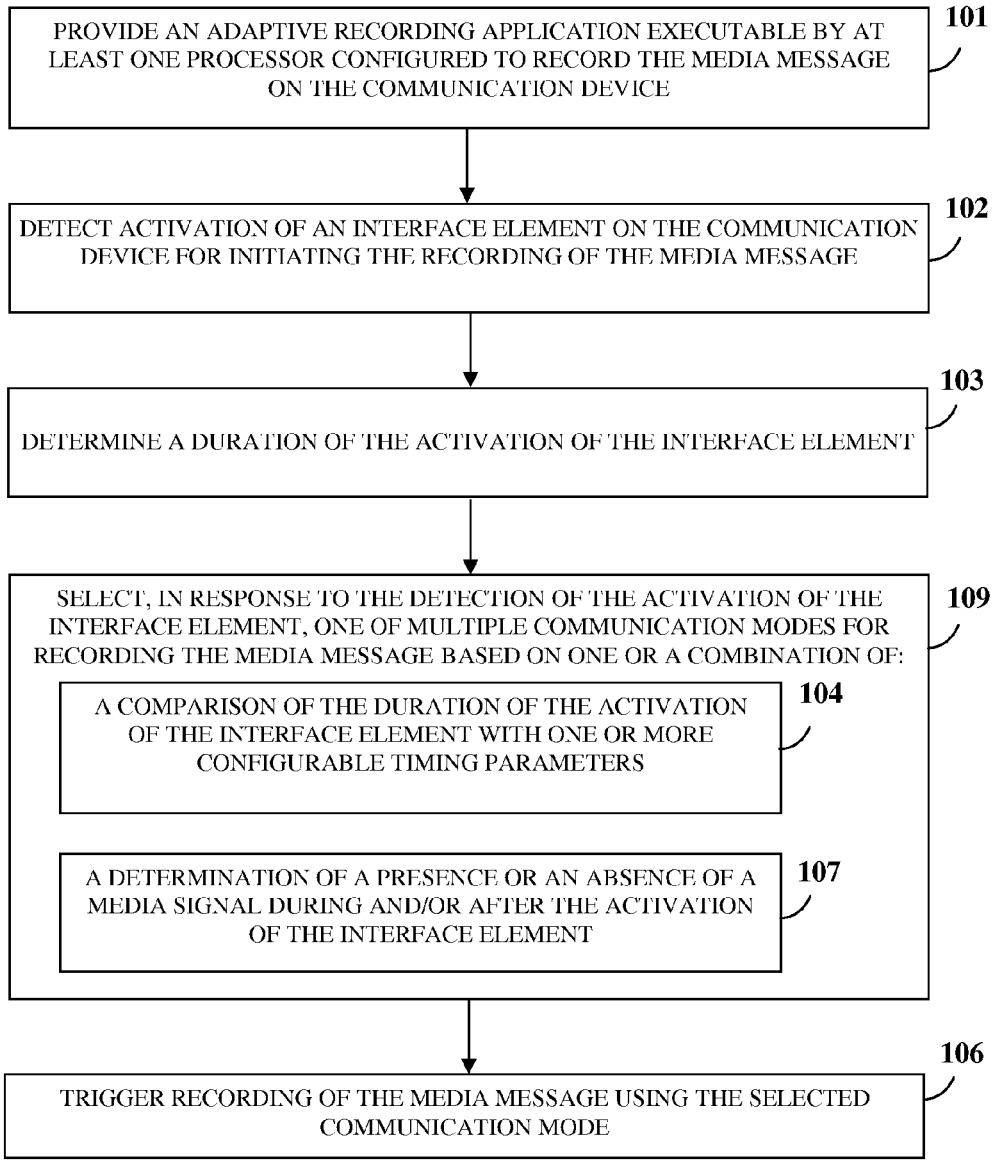

PROVIDE AN ADAPTIVE RECORDING APPLICATION EXECUTABLE BY AT LEAST ONE PROCESSOR CONFIGURED TO RECORD THE MEDIA MESSAGE ON THE COMMUNICATION DEVICE
101
DETECT ACTIVATION OF AN INTERFACE ELEMENT ON THE COMMUNICATION DEVICE FOR INITIATING THE RECORDING OF THE MEDIA MESSAGE
102
DETERMINE A DURATION OF THE ACTIVATION OF THE INTERFACE ELEMENT
103
SELECT, IN RESPONSE TO THE DETECTION OF THE ACTIVATION OF THE INTERFACE ELEMENT, ONE OF MULTIPLE COMMUNICATION MODES FOR RECORDING THE MEDIA MESSAGE BASED ON ONE OR A COMBINATION OF:
109
A COMPARISON OF THE DURATION OF THE ACTIVATION OF THE INTERFACE ELEMENT WITH ONE OR MORE CONFIGURABLE TIMING PARAMETERS
104
A DETERMINATION OF A PRESENCE OR AN ABSENCE OF A MEDIA SIGNAL DURING AND/OR AFTER THE ACTIVATION OF THE INTERFACE ELEMENT
107
TRIGGER RECORDING OF THE MEDIA MESSAGE USING THE SELECTED COMMUNICATION MODE
106

FIG. 1C

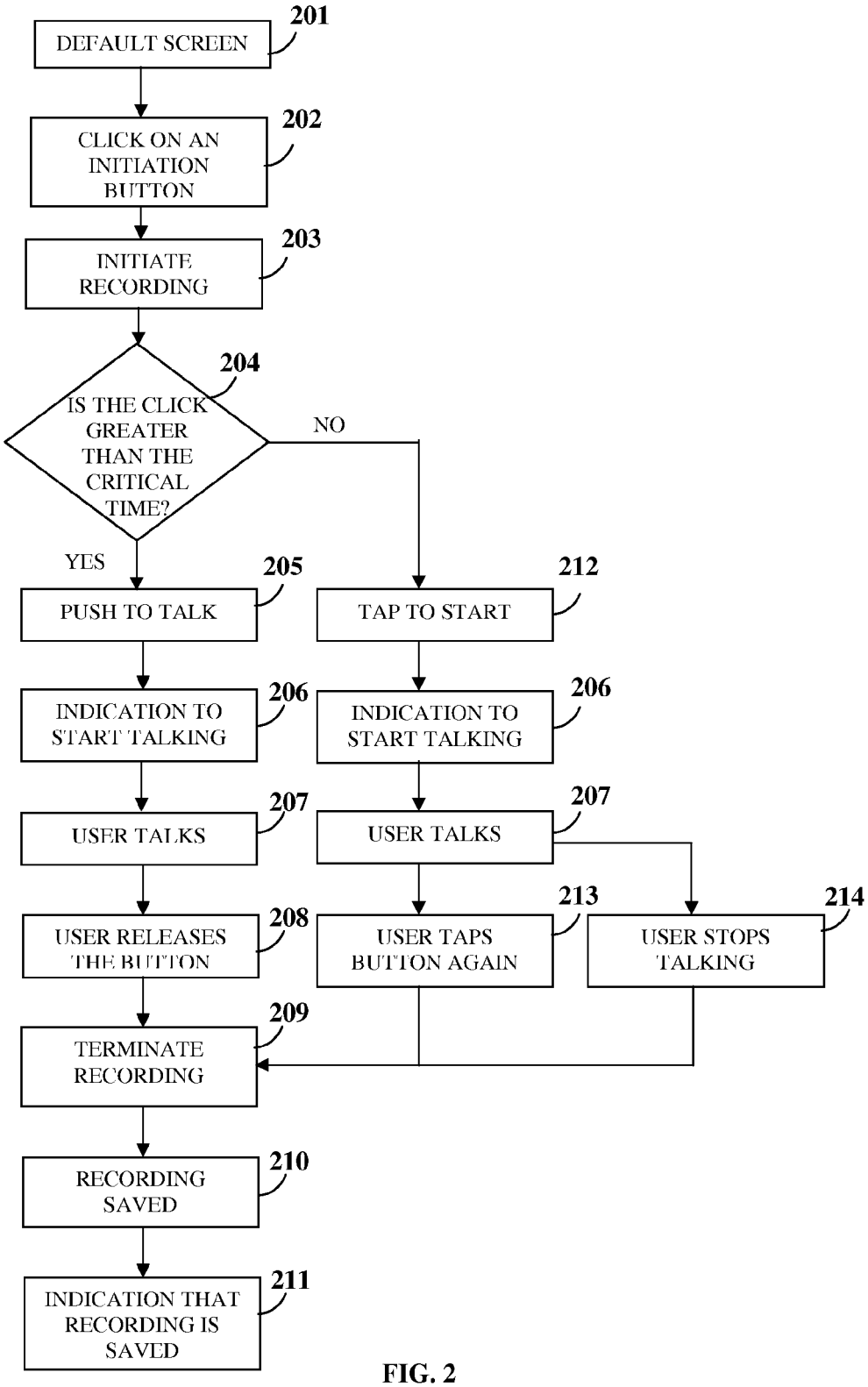

201
DEFAULT SCREEN
202
CLICK ON AN INITIATION BUTTON
203
INITIATE RECORDING
204
IS THE CLICK GREATER THAN THE CRITICAL TIME?
NO
YES
205
PUSH TO TALK
212
TAP TO START
206
INDICATION TO START TALKING
206
INDICATION TO START TALKING
207
USER TALKS
207
USER TALKS
208
USER RELEASES THE BUTTON
213
USER TAPS BUTTON AGAIN
214
USER STOPS TALKING
209
TERMINATE RECORDING
210
RECORDING SAVED
211
INDICATION THAT RECORDING IS SAVED

FIG. 2

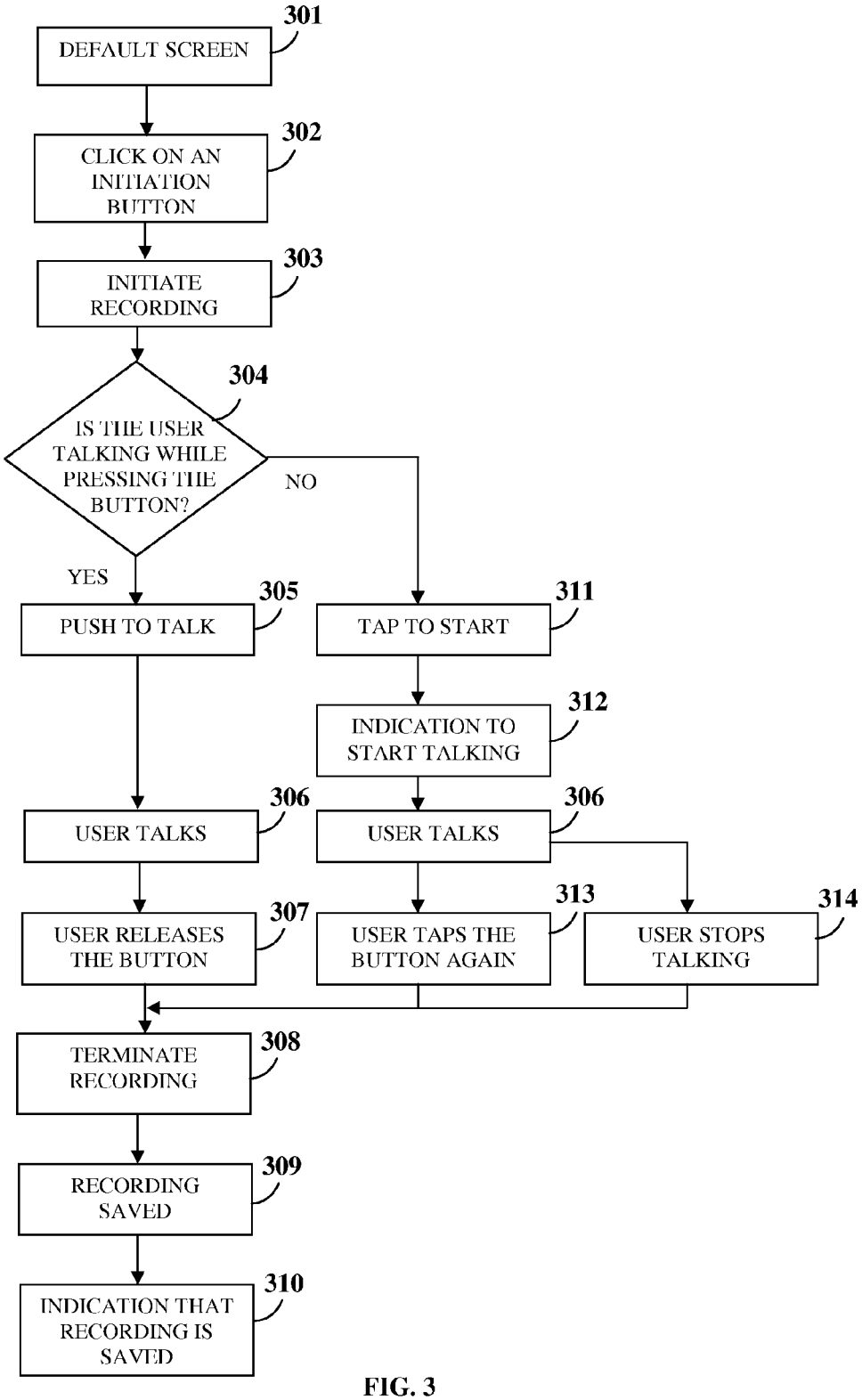

301
DEFAULT SCREEN
302
CLICK ON AN INITIATION BUTTON
303
INITIATE RECORDING
304
IS THE USER TALKING WHILE PRESSING THE BUTTON?
NO
YES
305
PUSH TO TALK
311
TAP TO START
312
INDICATION TO START TALKING
306
USER TALKS
306
USER TALKS
307
USER RELEASES THE BUTTON
313
USER TAPS THE BUTTON AGAIN
314
USER STOPS TALKING
308
TERMINATE RECORDING
309
RECORDING SAVED
310
INDICATION THAT RECORDING IS SAVED

FIG. 3

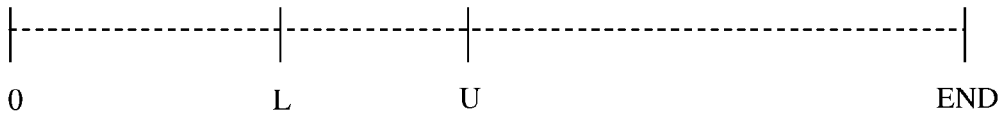

0
L
U
END

FIG. 4

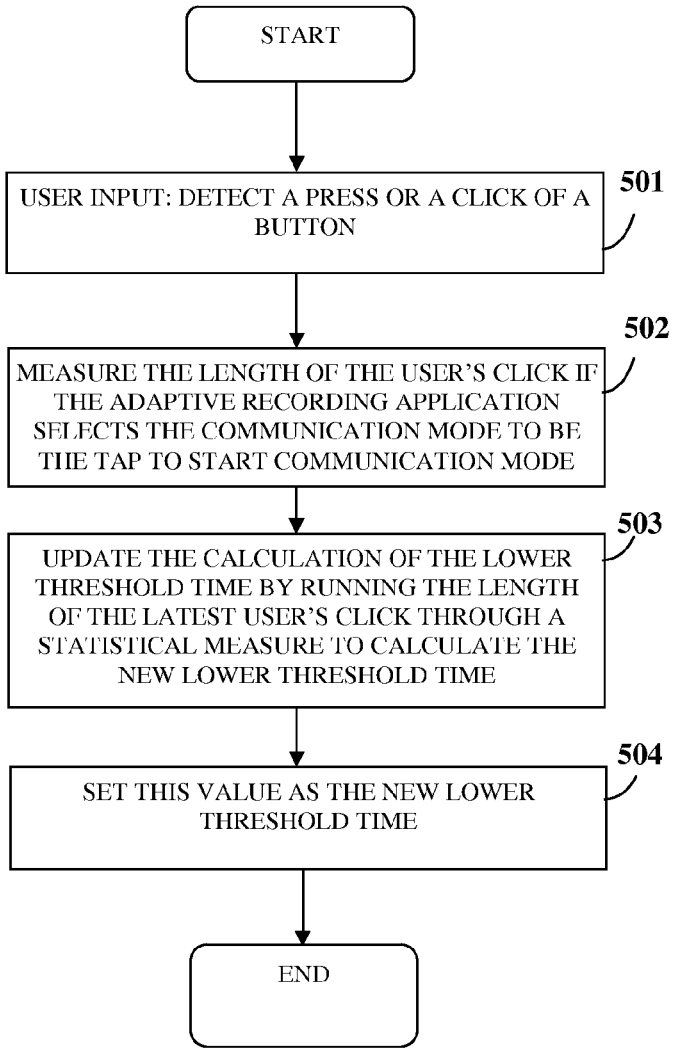

START
USER INPUT: DETECT A PRESS OR A CLICK OF A BUTTON
501
MEASURE THE LENGTH OF THE USER'S CLICK IF THE ADAPTIVE RECORDING APPLICATION SELECTS THE COMMUNICATION MODE TO BE THE TAP TO START COMMUNICATION MODE
502
UPDATE THE CALCULATION OF THE LOWER THRESHOLD TIME BY RUNNING THE LENGTH OF THE LATEST USER'S CLICK THROUGH A STATISTICAL MEASURE TO CALCULATE THE NEW LOWER THRESHOLD TIME
503
SET THIS VALUE AS THE NEW LOWER THRESHOLD TIME
504
END

FIG. 5

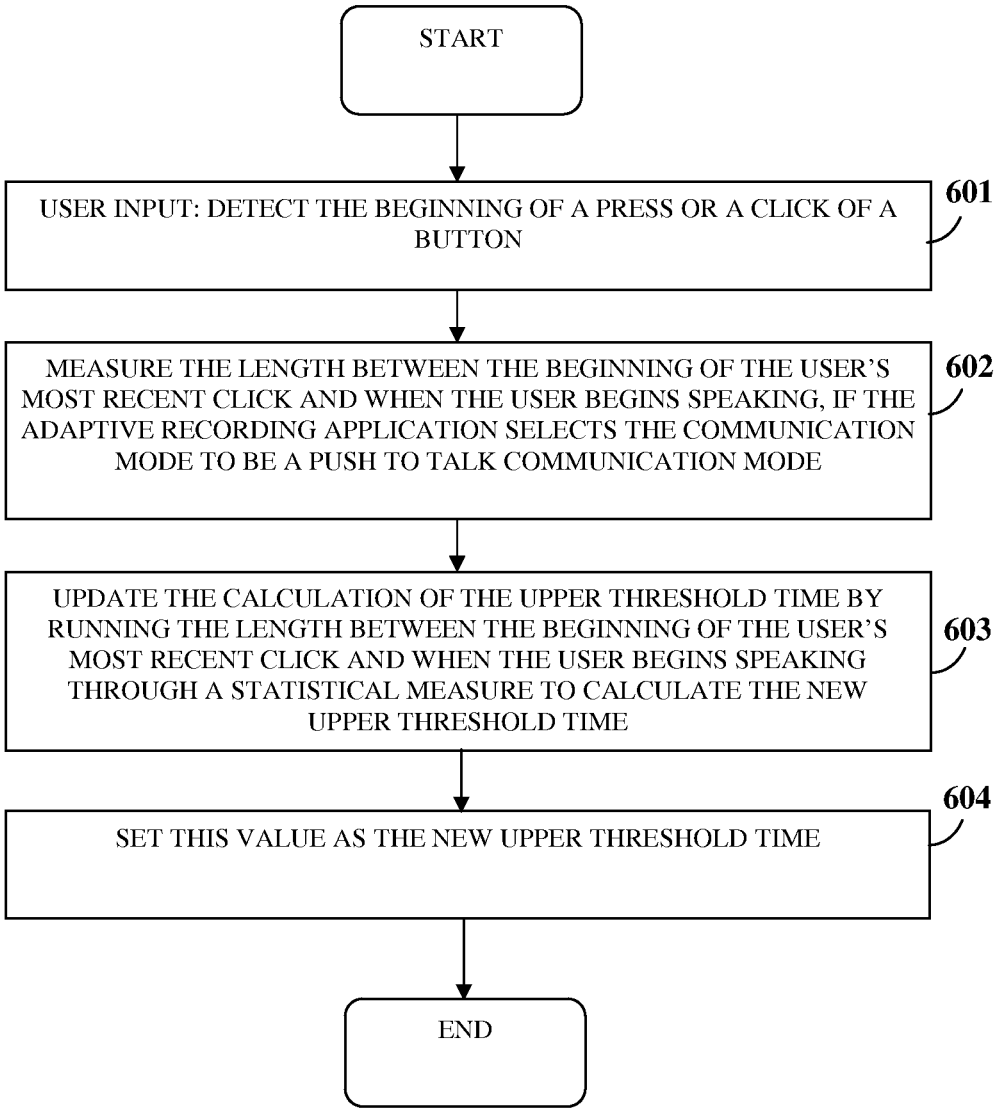

START
USER INPUT: DETECT THE BEGINNING OF A PRESS OR A CLICK OF A BUTTON
601
MEASURE THE LENGTH BETWEEN THE BEGINNING OF THE USER'S MOST RECENT CLICK AND WHEN THE USER BEGINS SPEAKING, IF THE ADAPTIVE RECORDING APPLICATION SELECTS THE COMMUNICATION MODE TO BE A PUSH TO TALK COMMUNICATION MODE
602
UPDATE THE CALCULATION OF THE UPPER THRESHOLD TIME BY RUNNING THE LENGTH BETWEEN THE BEGINNING OF THE USER'S MOST RECENT CLICK AND WHEN THE USER BEGINS SPEAKING THROUGH A STATISTICAL MEASURE TO CALCULATE THE NEW UPPER THRESHOLD TIME
603
SET THIS VALUE AS THE NEW UPPER THRESHOLD TIME
604
END

FIG. 6

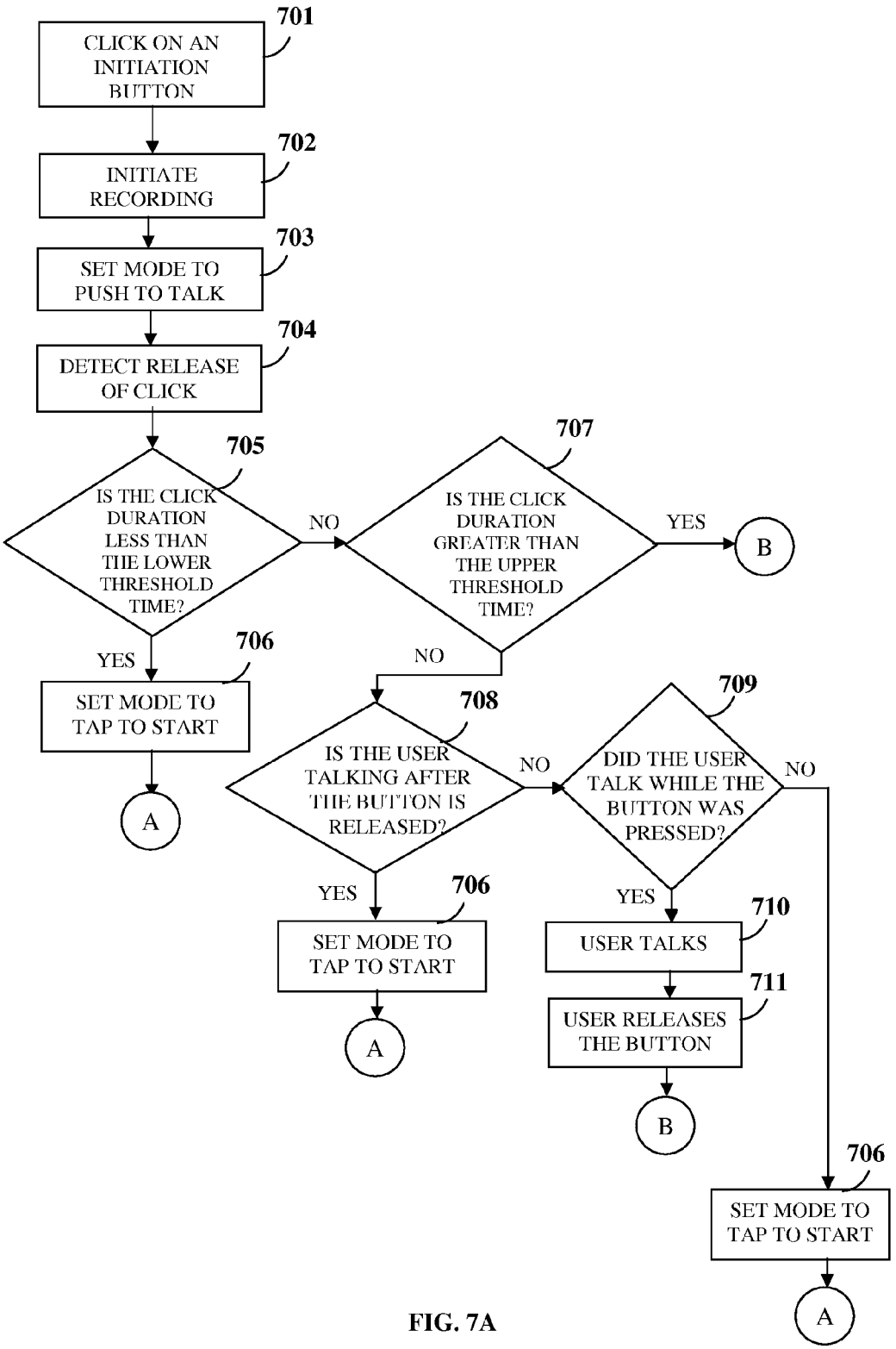

701
CLICK ON AN INITIATION BUTTON
702
INITIATE RECORDING
703
SET MODE TO PUSH TO TALK
704
DETECT RELEASE OF CLICK
705
IS THE CLICK DURATION LESS THAN THE LOWER THRESHOLD TIME?
NO
707
IS THE CLICK DURATION GREATER THAN THE UPPER THRESHOLD TIME?
YES
B
YES
706
SET MODE TO TAP TO START
A
NO
708
IS THE USER TALKING AFTER THE BUTTON IS RELEASED?
NO
709
DID THE USER TALK WHILE THE BUTTON WAS PRESSED?
NO
YES
706
SET MODE TO TAP TO START
A
YES
710
USER TALKS
711
USER RELEASES THE BUTTON
B
706
SET MODE TO TAP TO START
A

FIG. 7A

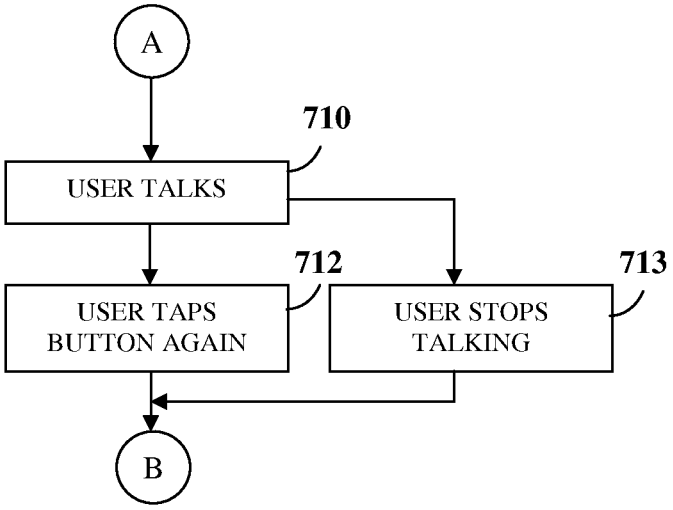

A
710
USER TALKS
712
USER TAPS BUTTON AGAIN
713
USER STOPS TALKING
B

FIG. 7B

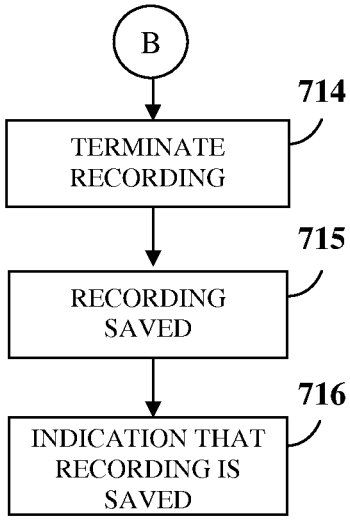

B
714
TERMINATE RECORDING
715
RECORDING SAVED
716
INDICATION THAT RECORDING IS SAVED

FIG. 7C

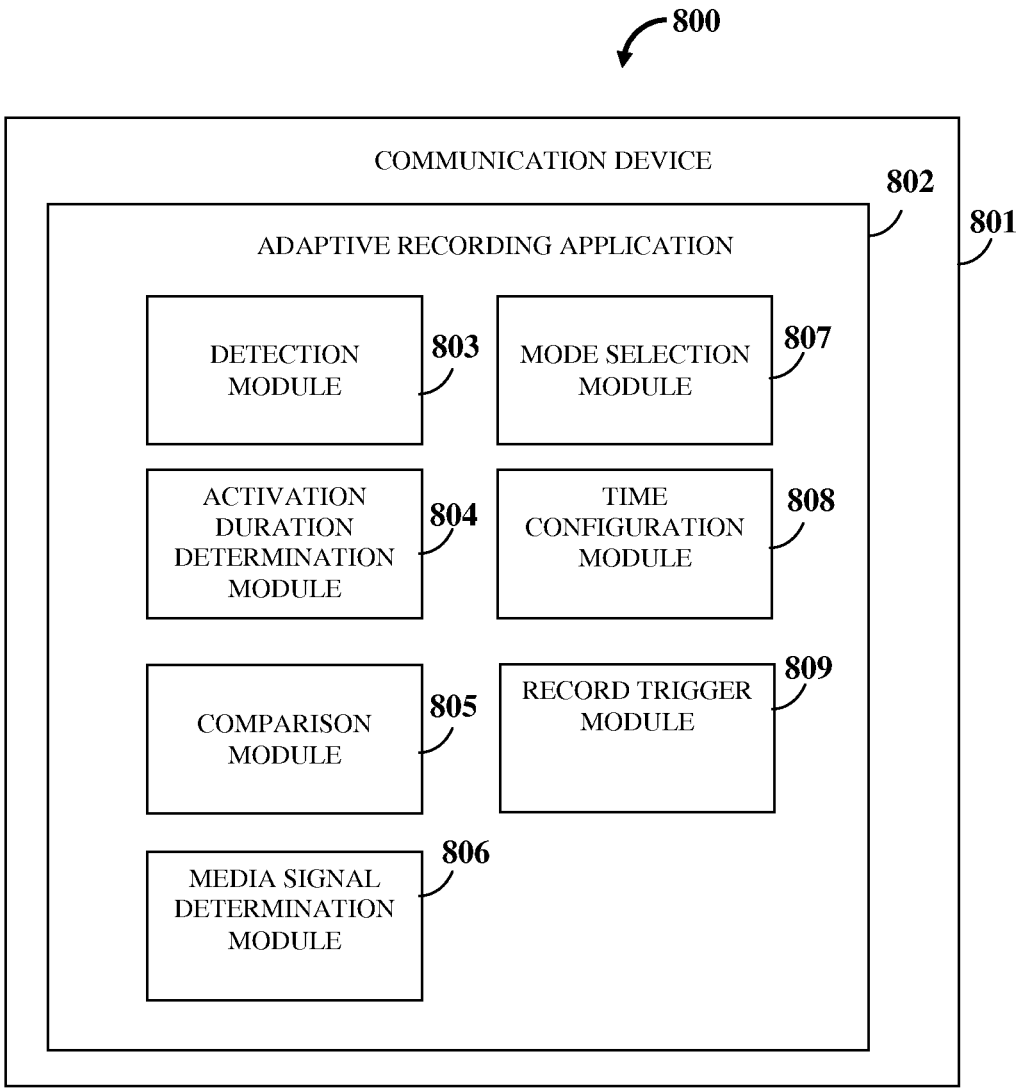

800
COMMUNICATION DEVICE
802
801
ADAPTIVE RECORDING APPLICATION
DETECTION MODULE
803
MODE SELECTION MODULE
807
ACTIVATION DURATION DETERMINATION MODULE
804
TIME CONFIGURATION MODULE
808
COMPARISON MODULE
805
RECORD TRIGGER MODULE
809
MEDIA SIGNAL DETERMINATION MODULE
806

FIG. 8

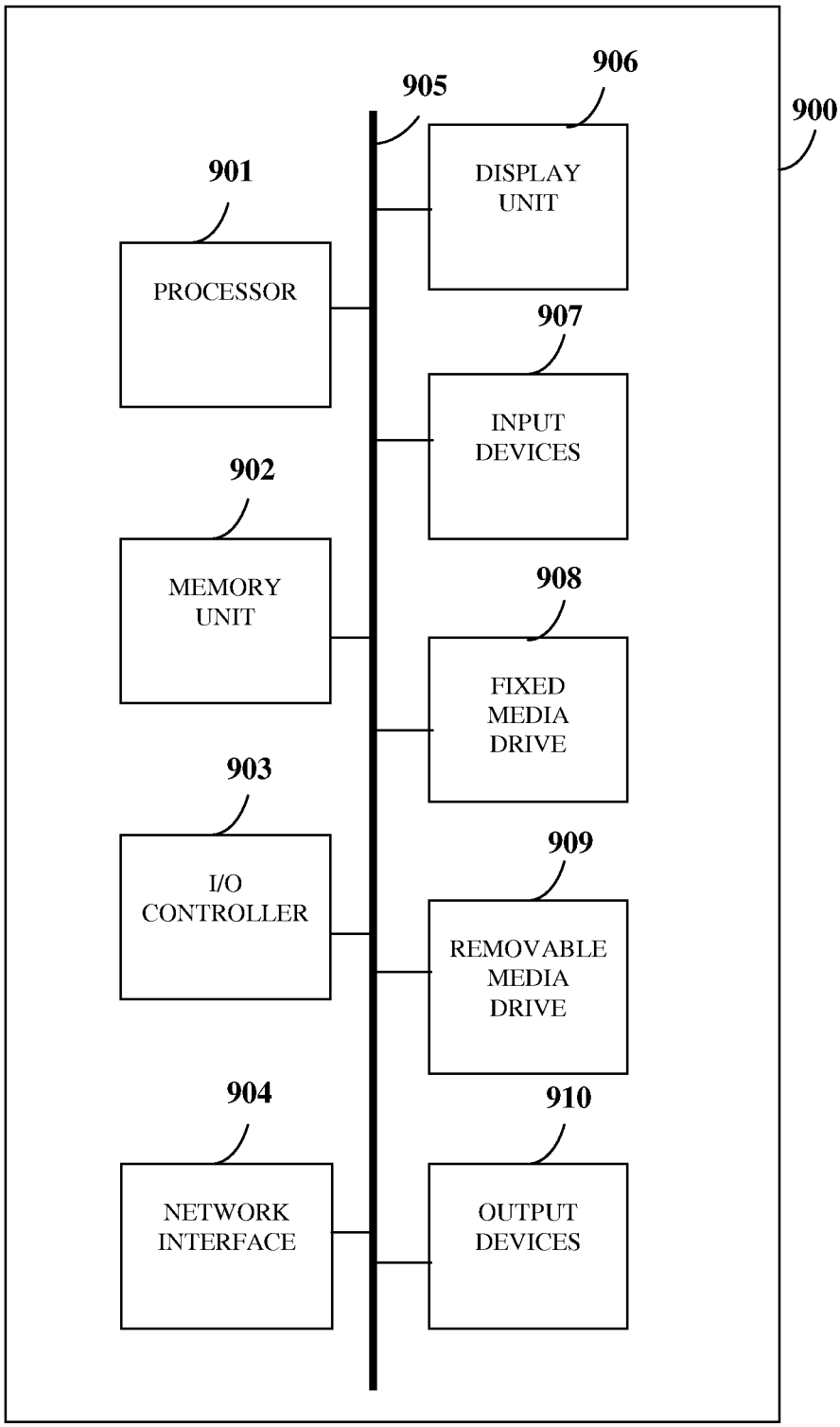

900
905
906
DISPLAY UNIT
901
PROCESSOR
907
INPUT DEVICES
902
MEMORY UNIT
908
FIXED MEDIA DRIVE
903
I/O CONTROLLER
909
REMOVABLE MEDIA DRIVE
904
NETWORK INTERFACE
910
OUTPUT DEVICES

FIG. 9

ADAPTIVE COMMUNICATION MODE FOR RECORDING A MEDIA MESSAGE

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims the benefit of provisional patent application No. 61/673,728 titled "Adaptive Communication Mode For Recording An Audio Message", filed in the United States Patent and Trademark Office on Jul. 19, 2012.

The specification of the above referenced patent application is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

BACKGROUND

Prior to the age of smart phones and mobile tablets, the need for recording an audio message, a video message, or any other media message while on the move was not high. One method to record an audio message was to make a phone call, speak on the phone, and record a user's voice on the other end of the line, for example, when using answering machines and voicemails, or when speaking on a recorded line. However, as technology developed and smart phones became popular, many smart phone applications came up with the need to record audio messages and other media messages. For example, two communication modes for recording audio were developed, that is, a push to talk (PTT) communication mode and a tap to start (TTS) communication mode.

In the push to talk communication mode, a user pushes a button on the user's communication device, and keeps the button pressed. The user records his or her message while the button is pushed down. Upon release of the button, the communication device terminates recording and saves the message. This method provides the user with one click access to recording a short media message. The other communication mode, that is, the tap to start communication mode, requires a user to first click a start button or an initiation button on the communication device to start the recording process. In this case, the user clicks, that is, taps and quickly releases the button, at which time the communication device initiates recording of the media message. The user then has to click a stop button on the communication device to stop the recording. After clicking the stop button, the communication device terminates the recording and saves the recorded media message. There is also a variation of the tap to start communication mode, where a user is not required to click the stop button on the communication device. Instead, the communication device performs voice activity detection to determine when the user has stopped speaking, and at this time the communication device automatically terminates the recording and saves the audio message.

The push to talk communication mode allows a user to record a short audio message quickly, with a single press of a button on the communication device; that is, all the user is required to do is press the button and then release the button. However, in the push to talk communication mode, the user finds it difficult to record a long audio message. The user is forced to interact with the communication device throughout the recording of the audio message, which makes the process for recording long audio messages inconvenient. While recording a long audio message, the user's finger may inadvertently slip off the "push to talk" button on the communication device, which would indicate to the communication device that the user wants to terminate the recording, thereby causing the communication device to abruptly terminate the recording of the audio message even though the user intended to continue recording the audio message. It is also not feasible for a user, while pressing a button to place a smart phone at his/her ear to speak, forcing him/her to use a speakerphone.

The tap to start communication mode can be convenient for recording long audio messages. The tap to start communication mode allows the user to tap a button on the communication device, and have both his/her hands free while recording an audio message, for example, a one minute audio message, a song being heard at a concert, etc. The tap to start communication mode allows a user to have minimal or no friction while recording a long audio message. That is, tapping a single button on the communication device to initiate the recording and then tapping a button again only to terminate the recording allows the user to not have to interact with the communication device while recording the audio message. However, in the tap to start communication mode, it is inconvenient to record short audio messages. Since the tap to start communication mode requires the use of two user interactions, it is difficult for the user to record a short audio message. A short audio message, for example, "Hi!" would require the user to first tap the "tap to start" button on the communication device to initiate recording, then speak "Hi!", and then immediately tap the same button again or a different button to terminate the recording.

In some solutions, options are provided in a "Settings" menu to allow a user to select which communication mode he or she would prefer using for recording a media message. However, the user would still have the inconvenience of frequently switching between these options. Consider an example where a user is in the middle of a lengthy back and forth conversation with one of his/her friends, and is simultaneously asking a few other friends if they are available to go to the movies. In order to evade the problems created by the tap to start communication mode and the push to talk communication mode, the user would have to continuously interrupt recording of audio messages by navigating to the "Settings" menu on the user's communication device and switching the communication mode to the communication mode the user would like to use for the next interaction.

Hence, there is a long felt but unresolved need for a computer implemented method and system that determines a communication mode for recording a media message, for example, an audio message, a video message, an audiovisual message, a multimedia message, etc., on a user' communication device, by automatically deducing the user's intent while recording the media message.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This summary is provided to introduce a selection of concepts in a simplified form that are further disclosed in the detailed description of the invention. This summary is not intended to identify key or essential inventive concepts of the claimed subject matter, nor is it intended for determining the scope of the claimed subject matter.

The computer implemented method and system disclosed herein addresses the above stated need for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a user' communication device, by automatically deducing the user's intent while recording the media message. As used herein, the term "media message" refers to a message that can be recorded on a user's communication device, for example, a cellular phone, a smart phone, a tablet computing device, a personal digital assistant, a laptop, a touch centric device, etc., or any other mobile device configured for mobile communication. The media message is, for example, an audio message, a video message, an audiovisual message, a multimedia message, etc., and any combination thereof. Also, as

used herein, the term "communication mode" refers to a mode for initiating and terminating recording of a media message on a communication device. The communication mode can be, for example, a push to talk (PTT) communication mode or a tap to start (TTS) communication mode. The computer implemented method and system disclosed herein provides an adaptive recording application executable by at least one processor configured to record the media message on the user's communication device.

The adaptive recording application detects activation of an interface element on the communication device for initiating the recording of the media message. As used herein, the term "interface element" refers to any software or hardware implemented switch or button, for example, a physical push button, a touch button or a tactile button, a screen icon type touch button, a wheel, a touch pad, etc., capable of receiving an input from a user or capturing an application of pressure from the user. The adaptive recording application determines a duration of the activation of the interface element. As used herein, the term "duration of activation" refers to a measure of time during which the user presses and holds the interface element. That is, the duration of activation is the measure of the length of time of a user's click on an interface element. The adaptive recording application compares the duration of the activation of the interface element with one or more configurable timing parameters. As used herein, the term "configurable timing parameters" refers to time parameters used by the adaptive recording application for comparison with the duration of activation of an interface element to enable the adaptive recording application to select one of the communication modes for recording the media message. In an embodiment, the adaptive recording application configures the configurable timing parameters, for example, based on a user input or a system setting configured by the adaptive recording application, or through an analysis of the duration of the activation of the interface element, and/or the behavior of the user determined from the activation of the interface element by the user in the past, or during a training session. The adaptive recording application selects, in response to the detection of the activation of the interface element, one of the communication modes, for example, the push to talk communication mode or the tap to start communication mode for recording the media message based on the comparison of the duration of the activation of the interface element with one or more configurable timing parameters.

In an embodiment, the configurable timing parameters comprise a critical time. As used herein, the term "critical time" refers to a time configured, for example, by a user input, a system setting, etc. In this embodiment, the adaptive recording application compares duration of the activation of the interface element with the critical time. The adaptive recording application selects, in response to the detection of the activation of the interface element, one of the communication modes based on the comparison of the duration of the activation of the interface element with the critical time. For example, if the duration of the activation of the interface element exceeds the critical time, the adaptive recording application selects the push to talk communication mode for recording the media message, and if the duration of the activation of the interface element is less than the critical time, the adaptive recording application selects the tap to start communication mode for recording the media message. The adaptive recording application triggers recording of the media message on the communication device using the selected communication mode.

In an embodiment, the computer implemented method and system disclosed herein determines a communication mode for recording a media message on a user's communication device on determining a presence or an absence of a media signal during and/or after the activation of the interface element. As used herein, the term "media signal" refers to a signal comprising media, for example, audio, video, etc., that can be detected by the adaptive recording application to enable the adaptive recording application to select a communication mode for recording a media message. The media signal is, for example, an audio signal, a video signal, an audiovisual signal, a multimedia signal, etc. In this embodiment, on detection of the activation of the interface element on the communication device, the adaptive recording application determines a presence or an absence of a media signal during and/or after the activation of the interface element. For example, the adaptive recording application determines a presence of an audio signal by listening to an utterance of a user or other audible sounds such as music, natural sounds such as birds chirping, etc., during the activation of the interface element, or after the activation of the interface element, or during and after the activation of the interface element. In another example, the adaptive recording application determines an absence of an audio signal by listening for a lack of an utterance, that is, silence of the user and a lack of other audible sounds such as music, natural sounds such as birds chirping, etc., during the activation of the interface element, or after the activation of the interface element, or during and after the activation of the interface element. The adaptive recording application selects, in response to the detection of the activation of the interface element, one of the communication modes for recording the media message based on the determination of the presence or the absence of the media signal. The adaptive recording application then triggers recording of the media message on the communication device using the selected communication mode. In an embodiment, the adaptive recording application analyzes the media signal received during and/or after the activation of the interface element for selecting one of the communication modes. In an embodiment, the adaptive recording application initiates the recording of the media message prior to the selection of one of the communication modes. In another embodiment, the adaptive recording application initiates the recording of the media message after the selection of one of the communication modes.

In another embodiment, the computer implemented method and system disclosed herein determines a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device based on a combination of the comparison of the duration of the activation of the interface element with one or more configurable timing parameters and the determination of a presence or an absence of a media signal during and/or after the activation of the interface element. In this embodiment, the adaptive recording application selects, in response to the detection of the activation of the interface element, one of the communication modes for recording the media message based on the combination.

In another embodiment, the configurable timing parameters comprise a lower threshold time and an upper threshold time. As used herein, the term "lower threshold time" refers to a time before which it is explicitly clear that the user's intention is to use the tap to start communication mode based on the fact that the interface element is held down for a short time. Also, as used herein, the term "upper threshold time" refers to a time after which it is explicitly clear that the user intends to use the push to talk communication mode based the fact that the user is holding the interface element down for a long time. In this embodiment, the adaptive recording application compares the duration of the activation of the interface

element with the lower threshold time and the upper threshold time. The adaptive recording application selects, in response to the detection of the activation of the interface element, one of the communication modes based on the comparison of the duration of the activation of the interface element with the lower threshold time and the upper threshold time. For example, if the duration of the activation of the interface element is less than the lower threshold time, the adaptive recording application selects the tap to start communication mode for recording a media message, and if the duration of the activation of the interface element is greater than the upper threshold time, the adaptive recording application selects the push to talk communication mode for recording the media message.

In an embodiment, if the duration of the activation of the interface element is greater than the lower threshold time and less than the upper threshold time, the adaptive recording application selects one of the communication modes based on one or more of multiple options comprising, for example, a presence or an absence of a media signal, proximity of the duration of the activation of the interface element to the lower threshold time or the upper threshold time, type of the user's communication device, a user input clarifying the communication mode intended by the user, etc.

The computer implemented method and system disclosed herein detects the user's intent while the user clicks on an interface element on the user's communication device to record a media message. Since the adaptive recording application can detect what the user is intending to do, and can adapt to the user's needs, the computer implemented method and system disclosed herein provides the user with a friction-free method for recording a media message in a communication mode that is convenient and natural for the interaction the user has in mind, without the need to manually switch between the communication modes.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The foregoing summary, as well as the following detailed description of the invention, is better understood when read in conjunction with the appended drawings. For the purpose of illustrating the invention, exemplary constructions of the invention are shown in the drawings. However, the invention is not limited to the specific methods and components disclosed herein.

FIG. **1**A exemplarily illustrates a computer implemented method for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device.

FIG. **1**B exemplarily illustrates an embodiment of the computer implemented method for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device.

FIG. **1**C exemplarily illustrates another embodiment of the computer implemented method for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device.

FIG. **2** exemplarily illustrates a flowchart comprising the steps for determining a communication mode for recording an audio message on a communication device based on a comparison of a duration of an activation of an interface element with a critical time.

FIG. **3** exemplarily illustrates a flowchart comprising the steps for determining a communication mode for recording an audio message on a communication device based on a determination of a presence or an absence of an audio signal.

FIG. **4** exemplarily illustrates a timing diagram showing a lower threshold time and an upper threshold time configured for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device.

FIG. **5** exemplarily illustrates a flow diagram comprising the steps for configuring a lower threshold time for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device.

FIG. **6** exemplarily illustrates a flow diagram comprising the steps for configuring an upper threshold time for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device.

FIGS. **7**A-**7**C exemplarily illustrate a flowchart comprising the steps for determining a communication mode based on a comparison of the duration of the activation of the interface element with a lower threshold time and an upper threshold time.

FIG. **8** exemplarily illustrates a computer implemented system for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device.

FIG. **9** exemplarily illustrates the architecture of a computer system employed by an adaptive recording application for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

FIG. **1**A exemplarily illustrates a computer implemented method for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device. As used herein, the term "media message" refers to a message that can be recorded on a user's communication device, for example, a cellular phone, a smart phone, a tablet computing device, an Ultrabook®, a laptop, a personal digital assistant, a touch centric device, etc., or any other mobile device configured for mobile communication. The media message is, for example, an audio message, a video message, an audiovisual message, a multimedia message, etc., and any combination thereof. Also, as used herein, the term "communication mode" refers to a mode for initiating and terminating recording of a media message on a communication device. The communication mode can be, for example, a push to talk (PTT) communication mode, a tap to start (TTS) communication mode, etc. The communication device may be used for transmitting the recorded media message to another communication device via a network, for example, a mobile communication network. In the push to talk communication mode, a user is expected to engage an interface element for the entire duration of recording of a media message. That is, the recording initiates as soon as the user activates the interface element and terminates only when the user releases the interface element. As used herein, the term "interface element" refers to any software or hardware implemented switch or button, for example, a physical push button, a touch button or a tactile button, a screen icon type touch button, a wheel, a touch pad, etc., capable of receiving an input from a user or capturing an application of pressure from the user. In the tap to start communication mode, the user is expected to activate the interface element for a short time, which initiates the recording of a media message, then to release the interface element, then speak, and then activate the interface element a second time to terminate the recording of the media message.

The computer implemented method disclosed herein provides **101** an adaptive recording application executable by at least one processor configured to record the media message on the communication device. The adaptive recording application detects **102** activation of an interface element on the user's communication device for initiating the recording of the media message. For example, the adaptive recording

application detects a click, a touch, a press, a push, a tap, etc., of a screen icon type touch button or a physical push button on the communication device by the user for initiating recording of the media message. After the interface element is activated, the adaptive recording application selects the communication mode and initiates recording of the media message of the user in the selected communication mode. The method for determining the communication mode for recording the media message is independent of the type of the interface element being activated.

The adaptive recording application determines **103** a duration of the activation of the interface element. As used herein, the term "duration of activation" refers to a measure of time during which the user presses and holds the interface element. For example, the adaptive recording application measures the length of time of a user's click on an interface element, or the time for which the interface element is pressed. The adaptive recording application compares **104** the duration of the activation of the interface element with one or more configurable timing parameters. As used herein, the term "configurable timing parameters" refers to time parameters used by the adaptive recording application for comparison with the duration of activation of an interface element to enable the adaptive recording application to select one of the communication modes for recording the media message. In an embodiment, the adaptive recording application configures the configurable timing parameters, for example, based on a user input or a system setting configured by the adaptive recording application, or through an analysis of the duration of the activation of the interface element by the user in the past, and/or the behavior of the user determined from the activation of the interface element by the user in the past, and/or during user training as disclosed in the detailed description of FIGS. **5-6**. That is, the configurable timing parameters can be fixed as a system settable parameter, as a user settable parameter, or may vary and be calculated based on one or more of a number of factors, for example, type of the communication device, characteristics of the user, user actions, past user interactions, language, etc. In an embodiment, the configurable timing parameters comprise a critical time. In another embodiment, the configurable timing parameters comprise a lower threshold time, an upper threshold time, etc. The adaptive recording application can also learn and change the configurable timing parameters based on the user's behavior with the adaptive recording application.

The adaptive recording application selects **105**, in response to the detection of the activation of the interface element, one of the communication modes for recording the media message based on the comparison of the duration of the activation of the interface element with one or more configurable timing parameters. The adaptive recording application selects, for example, the tap to start communication mode if the duration of the activation of the interface element is less than the critical time. The adaptive recording application selects the push to talk communication mode if the duration of the activation of the interface element is greater than the critical time. The adaptive recording application triggers **106** the recording of the media message in the selected communication mode. Once the communication mode is selected by the adaptive recording application, the recording of the media message continues using the selected communication mode.

FIG. **1**B exemplarily illustrates an embodiment of the computer implemented method for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device. The computer implemented method disclosed herein provides **101** the adaptive recording application as disclosed in the detailed description of FIG. **1**A. The adaptive recording application enables recording of the media message using the communication mode intended by the user and determined by the adaptive recording application. The adaptive recording application detects **102** activation of an interface element on the user's communication device for initiating the recording of the media message.

In this embodiment, on detection of the activation of the interface element, the adaptive recording application determines **107** a presence or an absence of a media signal during and/or after the activation of the interface element. As used herein, the term "media signal" refers to a signal comprising media, for example, audio, video, etc., that can be detected by the adaptive recording application to enable the adaptive recording application to select a communication mode for recording a media message. The media signal is, for example, an audio signal, a video signal, an audiovisual signal, a multimedia signal, etc. The media signals comprise, for example, voice signals received from the user when the user speaks into a microphone of the communication device and audible sounds such as music, natural sounds such as birds chirping, etc., that are heard for recording an audio message. The adaptive recording application, while detecting an activation of the interface element, determines a presence or an absence of a media signal. For example, the adaptive recording application, while detecting a click of a button on the communication device, determines a presence of an audio signal by listening to an utterance of the user, or to other audible sounds. In another example, the adaptive recording application, while detecting the click of a button on the communication device, determines an absence of an audio signal by listening for a lack of an utterance, that is, silence of the user, lack of audible sounds such as music, lack of natural sounds such as birds chirping, etc., that the user intends to record. The adaptive recording application, after detecting an activation of the interface element, determines a presence or an absence of a media signal. Also, for example, the adaptive recording application, after detecting the click of a button on the communication device, determines a presence of an audio signal by listening to an utterance of the user, other audible sounds, etc. In another example, the adaptive recording application, after detecting the click of a button on the communication device, determines an absence of an audio signal by listening for a lack of an utterance, that is, silence of the user, a lack of audible sounds such as music, a lack of natural sounds such as birds chirping, etc., that the user intends to record. The adaptive recording application performs the processing and the detection of the media signal using hardware and/or software. In an embodiment, the adaptive recording application determines a presence or an absence of a media signal during and after the activation of the interface element. In another embodiment, the adaptive recording application determines a presence or an absence of a media signal during and/or after deactivation of the interface element. For example, the adaptive recording application determines the presence or the absence of the audio signal during and/or after the release of a button on the communication device.

The adaptive recording application selects **108**, in response to the detection of the activation of the interface element, one of the communication modes for recording the media message based on the determination **107** of the presence or the absence of the media signal. The adaptive recording application deduces the intent of the user by a combination of the activation of the interface element and the presence or the absence of an utterance of audio by the user, other audible sounds, etc. If the activation of the interface element occurs along with the determination of a presence of a media signal concurrently or soon thereafter, then the adaptive recording

application may select the push to talk communication mode. If the activation of the user interface element occurs without a subsequent determination of a presence of a media signal, then the adaptive recording application may select the tap to start communication mode. In another example, if the activation of the interface element occurs along with the subsequent determination of an absence of a media signal, then the adaptive recording application may select the tap to start communication mode.

In an embodiment, the adaptive recording application analyzes the media signal received during and/or after the activation of the interface element for selecting one of the communication modes. During the analysis of the media signal, the adaptive recording application distinguishes between multiple sounds, for example, voice signals, audible sounds such as music, natural sounds such as birds chirping, etc., contained in the media signal. For example, if an audio signal contains noise or background chatter, the adaptive recording application, for the purpose of determining the communication mode and the user's intent to record the audio signal without noise or background chatter, eliminates the noise or background chatter with assistance from noise cancellation algorithms that are well known in the art. Noise cancellation may be used to remove background noise to better analyze the audio signal. In another example, if the audio signal contains noise or background chatter, the adaptive recording application, for purpose of determining the communication mode and the user's intent to record the audio signal along with noise or background chatter, does not eliminate the noise or background chatter.

Although the detailed description refers to presence or absence determination and analysis of an audio signal, the scope of the computer implemented method and system disclosed herein is not limited to presence or absence determination and analysis of an audio signal but may be extended to include presence or absence determination and analysis of any media signal, for example, a video signal, an audiovisual signal, a multimedia signal, etc.

The adaptive recording application triggers **106** the recording of the media message using the selected communication mode. Once the communication mode is selected by the adaptive recording application, the recording of the media message continues in the selected communication mode. The analysis of the media signal by the adaptive recording application also determines whether the recording of the media message has ended. If the recording of the media message has ended, the adaptive recording application automatically terminates the recording of the media message. In an embodiment, the adaptive recording application initiates recording of the media message prior to the selection of the communication mode. For example, the recording of an audio message starts before the selection of the push to talk communication mode or the tap to start communication mode. In another embodiment, the adaptive recording application initiates recording of the media message after the selection of the communication mode. For example, the recording of an audio message starts after the selection of the push to talk communication mode or the tap to start communication mode. The method for terminating the recording is based on the selection of the communication mode. For example, in the push to talk communication mode, the user presses an initiation button on a communication device and holds the initiation button for recording the audio message. The user releases the initiation button after recording the audio message. The adaptive recording application terminates the recording of the audio message on detecting the release of the initiation button. In another example, in the tap to start communication mode, the user taps or presses an initiation button and releases the initiation button to start recording of the audio message. The user records the audio message and taps on the initiation button again or taps a different button after completion of recording of the audio message. In this example, the adaptive recording application terminates the recording of the audio message on detecting the second tap on the initiation button.

FIG. **1**C exemplarily illustrates another embodiment of the computer implemented method for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device. The computer implemented method disclosed herein provides **101** the adaptive recording application as disclosed in the detailed description of FIG. **1**A. The adaptive recording application detects **102** activation of an interface element on the user's communication device for initiating the recording of the media message as disclosed in the detailed description of FIG. **1**A. The adaptive recording application determines **103** a duration of the activation of the interface element as disclosed in the detailed description of FIG. **1**A. In this embodiment, the adaptive recording application selects **109**, in response to the detection of the activation of the interface element, one of the communication modes for recording the media message based on a combination of the comparison **104** of the duration of the activation of the interface element with one or more configurable time parameters as disclosed in the detailed description of FIG. **1**A, and the determination **107** of a presence or an absence of a media signal during and/or after the activation of the interface element as disclosed in the detailed description of FIG. **1**B. The adaptive recording application determines the presence or the absence of a media signal during the activation of the interface element, or after the activation of the interface element, or during and after the activation of the interface element. The adaptive recording application triggers **106** the recording of the media message using the selected communication mode. Once the communication mode is selected by the adaptive recording application, the recording of the media message continues in the selected communication mode.

For purposes of illustration, the detailed description refers to recording of an audio message; however the scope of the computer implemented method and system disclosed herein is not limited to recording of an audio message but may be extended to include recording of a video message or a video clip, an audiovisual message, a multimedia message, etc., or any combination thereof.

FIG. **2** exemplarily illustrates a flowchart comprising the steps for determining a communication mode for recording an audio message on a communication device based on a comparison of a duration of an activation of an interface element with a critical time. In this embodiment, the configurable timing parameter is the critical time. The critical time can be fixed as a system settable parameter, as a user settable parameter, or may vary and be calculated based on one or more of a number of factors, for example, type of the communication device, characteristics of the user, user actions, past user interactions, language, etc. The adaptive recording application can also learn and change the critical time based on the user's behavior with the adaptive recording application. In an example, the adaptive recording application starts with a critical time of **0.3** seconds, but determines that the user often keeps the interface element on the communication device pressed for about 0.5 seconds before releasing the interface element, and then starts speaking; indicating that a critical time of 0.5 seconds may be more suitable for the user. The adaptive recording application therefore learns and changes the critical time to 0.5 seconds for that particular

user. In another example, the critical time may be longer in a slower communication device as compared to a newer and faster communication device.

As exemplarily illustrated in FIG. **2**, the adaptive recording application provides the user with a default screen **201** showing recording controls on the communication device. The adaptive recording application detects an activation of the interface element, for example, when the user clicks **202** or presses and holds an initiation button and releases the initiation button after a certain duration of time. The adaptive recording application initiates **203** recording of an audio message and measures the duration of activation or click of the interface element. The adaptive recording application then compares **204** the duration of the activation of the interface element with the critical time. If the duration of the activation of the interface element is greater than the critical time, the adaptive recording application selects the push to talk communication mode **205**. If the duration of the activation of the interface element is less than the critical time, the adaptive recording application selects the tap to start communication mode **212**. The adaptive recording application completes recording the audio message using one of the selected communication modes. After selection of the communication mode, the adaptive recording application provides an indication **206** to the user to start talking. As the user talks **207**, the adaptive recording application detects an end of the recording when the user lets go off or releases **208** the initiation button or when the user stops talking **214** or taps a stop button **213**, and triggers termination **209** of the recording. The adaptive recording application saves **210** the recorded audio message and provides an indication **211** to the user that the recorded audio message is saved. This embodiment eliminates the step of having to decide and manually switch between the communication modes while trying to record an audio message on a communication device, and allows the user to seamlessly use either of the communication modes for any utterance or audible sounds.

The computer implemented method disclosed herein allows the user to record and transmit voice messages to his/her friends, without worrying about the communication mode to use. The user can conveniently and seamlessly use either of the communication modes, for example, the push to talk communication mode or the tap to start communication mode, with the adaptive recording application performing the operation of deducing which communication mode is intended to be used by the user, and adapting the recording of the audio message automatically for that communication mode. Consider an example where the adaptive recording application configures the critical time to 100 milliseconds. If the user taps the interface element on the communication device for a time shorter than the critical time, the adaptive recording application deduces that the user intends to use the tap to start communication mode and invokes a tap to start screen on the communication device for prompting the user to start recording an audio message. The user may then record a lengthy audio message and then press a stop button on the communication device, which will save and send the user's audio message.

The user may then wish to invite his/her other friends to go to the movies, for example, by sending them a short 3 second audio message. The user would only need to press down on the initiation button and keep the initiation button pressed to record the short audio message. After the critical time passes and the user's finger is still on the initiation button, the adaptive recording application deduces that the user intends to use the push to talk communication mode, provides an indication that the push to talk communication mode is active, and sends an indication to the user to start recording the audio message. In order to terminate the recording, the user only needs to release the initiation button.

Different examples are disclosed below where a user activates an interface element, also referred to as a "button", and the adaptive recording application selects a communication mode for recording the audio message based on a combination of the comparison of the duration of the activation of the button with the critical time and the determination of a presence or an absence of an audio signal during and/or after the activation of the button. In an example, when the user presses a button on the communication device for a short duration of time less than the critical time and remains silent while pressing the button, the adaptive recording application selects the tap to start communication mode. In another example, when the user presses a button for a short duration of time less than the critical time, remains silent while pressing the button for some time after pressing the button, and then speaks, the adaptive recording application selects the tap to start communication mode. In another example, when the user presses a button for a short duration of time less than the critical time, and then speaks while pressing the button, the adaptive recording application still selects the tap to start communication mode.

In another example, when the user presses a button for a long duration of time greater than the critical time and remains silent while pressing the button, the adaptive recording application selects the push to talk communication mode. In another example, when the user presses a button for a long duration of time greater than the critical time, remains silent while pressing the button and then speaks after releasing the button, the adaptive recording application selects the push to talk communication mode. In another example, when the user presses a button for a long duration of time greater than the critical time and speaks while pressing the button, the adaptive recording application still selects the push to talk communication mode.

FIG. **3** exemplarily illustrates a flowchart comprising the steps for determining a communication mode for recording an audio message on a communication device based on a determination of a presence or an absence of an audio signal. In an example, the adaptive recording application detects activation of at least two interface elements, for example, a hardware or software implemented tactile interface element and an audio interface element. The audio interface element, for example, a microphone is capable of capturing an audio signal and providing the audio signal to the adaptive recording application. The tactile interface element is capable of capturing an application of pressure on the tactile interface element. The user may click on the tactile interface element to initiate recording of an audio message and activate the audio interface element to terminate the recording using a voice command.

The adaptive recording application provides the user with a default screen **301** showing recording controls on the communication device. The adaptive recording application detects an activation of the tactile interface element, for example, a click on an initiation button **302** on the user's communication device and initiates **303** recording of an audio message. The adaptive recording application then checks **304** whether the user is talking while pressing the initiation button by detecting presence or absence of an audio signal. If the adaptive recording application detects an activation of the tactile interface element and determines a presence of an audio signal, the adaptive recording application selects the push to talk communication mode **305** for recording the audio message. That is, if the user presses down on the initiation

button and starts talking while the initiation button is pressed, the adaptive recording application recognizes that words are being spoken while the initiation button is pressed down, and deduces that the user intends to use the push to talk communication mode. As the user talks **306**, the audio message is recorded in the push to talk communication mode on the communication device. After completing the audio message, the user lets go off or releases **307** the initiation button on the communication device, which triggers termination **308** of the recording. The adaptive recording application saves **309** the recorded audio message and provides an indication **310** to the user that the recorded audio message is saved.

If the adaptive recording application determines an absence of an audio signal during the activation of the tactile interface, the adaptive recording application selects the tap to start communication mode **311** for recording the audio message. That is, if there is a silence or a lack of audible sounds such as music, natural sounds such as birds chirping, etc., while the user is pressing the initiation button, the adaptive recording application deduces that the user intends to use the tap to start communication mode. After the user releases the finger from the initiation button, that is, when the user is no longer pressing the initiation button, the adaptive recording application provides an indication **312** to the user to start talking. As the user talks **306**, the audio message is recorded in the tap to start communication mode on the communication device. When the user stops talking **314** or taps **313** a stop button, the adaptive recording application detects an end of the recording and triggers termination **308** of the recording. The adaptive recording application saves **309** the recorded audio message and provides an indication **310** to the user that the recorded audio message is saved. This embodiment eliminates problems a user may face on deciding and switching between the communication modes while recording an audio message on a portable communication device, and allows the user to seamlessly use either of the communication modes for any utterance or audible sounds. Furthermore, this embodiment provides more flexibility to the user by relying on voice activity detection rather than just the passage of time to determine what communication mode the user wants to use. The adaptive recording application performs voice activity detection, for example, using speech recognition algorithms of Nuance Communications Inc., at&t Inc., Google Inc., etc., and other techniques that are well known in the art.

FIG. **4** exemplarily illustrates a timing diagram showing a lower threshold time (L) and an upper threshold time (U) configured for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device. In this embodiment, the configurable time parameters comprise the lower threshold time and the upper threshold time. As used herein, the term "lower threshold time" refers to a time before which it is explicitly clear that the user's intention is to use the tap to start communication mode based on the fact that the interface element is held down for a short time. Also, as used herein, the term "upper threshold time" refers to a time after which it is explicitly clear that the user intends to use the push to talk communication mode based on the fact that the user is holding the interface element down for a long time. The timing diagram exemplarily illustrated in FIG. **4** shows the lower threshold time being set to L seconds and the upper threshold time being set to U seconds. In this embodiment, the adaptive recording application compares the duration of the activation of the interface element with the lower threshold time and the upper threshold time as disclosed in the detailed description of FIGS. **7A-7C**.

The adaptive recording application selects one of the communication modes, for example, the tap to start communication mode if the duration of the activation of the interface element is less than the lower threshold time, and the other communication mode, for example, the push to talk communication mode if the duration of the activation of the interface element is greater than the upper threshold time. For example, if the user clicks a button for less than the lower threshold time, L, the adaptive recording application determines the click to be a tap because of the extremely short duration of the click and the adaptive recording application then determines that the user is intending to use the tap to start communication mode. If the user clicks a button for a duration of time greater than the upper threshold time, U, the adaptive recording application interprets the button to be held for an extended duration of time and then determines that the user is intending to use the push to talk communication mode. If the user clicks on the button for a duration of time between the lower threshold time L and the upper threshold time U, the adaptive recording application determines the intent of the user using a hybrid method disclosed in the detailed description of FIGS. **7A-7C**.

In an embodiment, if the duration of the activation of the interface element is greater than the lower threshold time and less than the upper threshold time, the adaptive recording application selects one of the communication modes based on one or more of multiple options comprising, for example, a presence or an absence of a media signal, proximity of the duration of the activation of the interface element to the lower threshold time or the upper threshold time, that is, which among the lower threshold time and the upper threshold time the tap or click length is closer to, type of the user's communication device, a user input clarifying the communication mode intended by the user, etc. The options comprise any method for selecting a communication mode. In an embodiment, the adaptive recording application provides a dialog box accessible on the user's communication device that prompts the user to select which communication mode he/she would like to use.

FIG. **5** exemplarily illustrates a flow diagram comprising the steps for configuring a lower threshold time for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device. Consider an example where the lower threshold time is configured at L seconds by a user input, a system setting, etc. The adaptive recording application detects activation of an interface element on the communication device. That is, the adaptive recording application detects **501** a press or a click of a button. After detection of the click of the button, the adaptive recording application measures **502** the length or duration of the user's click, if the adaptive recording application selects the communication mode to be the tap to start communication mode. The adaptive recording application then updates **503** the calculation of the lower threshold time by running the length of the latest user's click through a statistical measure to calculate the new lower threshold time. The adaptive recording application then sets **504** the updated value as the new lower threshold time.

Consider an example where the lower threshold time is denoted by LTT. Consider $t_1, t_2, \ldots, t_n$, to be the set containing the length of the activation of the interface element during each user's interactions in which the tap to start communication mode was selected to be used by the adaptive recording application on the communication device, where "t_1" corresponds to the user's first interaction and each subsequent interaction corresponds to the next element in the set. Consider LTT_0 to be the lower threshold time initially set at the start before the user has performed any click. LTT_0 is initialized, for example, using a system setting. Consider LTT_n to be the lower threshold time after the user has performed "n"

clicks in which the tap to start communication mode was selected to be used by the adaptive recording application on the communication device. LTT_n may be calculated by any statistical measure from $LTT_0, t_1, \ldots, t_n$.

Enumerated below are examples of the statistical measures used for calculating LTT_n. In a first example, LTT_n can be the average of all elements in the set containing the lengths of each of the user's clicks when the communication mode selected by the adaptive recording application is the tap to start communication mode, as shown below:

$$LTT_n=\text{avg}(LTT_0, t_1, \ldots, t_n)$$

In an second example, if "n" is greater than a number such as 5, LTT_n can be the average of all elements in the set containing the lengths of each of the user's clicks when the communication mode selected by the adaptive recording application is the tap to start communication mode, excluding the set's maximum and minimum. In a third example, LTT_n can be the maximum of all elements in the set containing the lengths of each of the user's clicks when the communication mode selected by the adaptive recording application is the tap to start communication mode, as shown below:

$$LTT_n=\max(LTT_0, t_1, \ldots, t_n)$$

In a fourth example, LTT_n can be the minimum of all elements in the set containing the lengths of each of the user's clicks when the communication mode selected by the adaptive recording application is the tap to start communication mode, as shown below:

$$LTT_n=\min(LTT_0, t_1, \ldots, t_n)$$

FIG. **6** exemplarily illustrates a flow diagram comprising the steps for configuring an upper threshold time for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device. Consider an example where the upper threshold time is configured at U seconds by a user input, a system setting, etc. The adaptive recording application detects activation of an interface element on the communication device. That is, the adaptive recording application detects **601** the beginning of a press or click of a button. After detection of the beginning of the activation of interface element, the adaptive recording application measures **602** the length of time between the beginning of the user's most recent click and when the user begins speaking, for the case when the adaptive recording application selects the communication mode to be the push to talk communication mode. The adaptive recording application then updates **603** the calculation of the upper threshold time by running the length between the beginning of the user's most recent click and when the user begins speaking through a statistical measure to calculate the new upper threshold time. The adaptive recording application then sets **604** the updated value as the new upper threshold time.

Consider an example where the upper threshold time is denoted by UTT. Consider $t_1, t_2, \ldots, t_n$, to be the set containing the lengths between the beginning of the activation of the interface and when the user first starts speaking, for the cases when the push to talk communication mode is selected by the adaptive recording application, where "t_1" corresponds to the user's first interaction and each subsequent interaction corresponds to the next element in the set. Consider UTT_0 to be the upper threshold time initially set at the start before the user has performed any click. UTT_0 is initialized, for example, using a system setting. Consider UTT_n to be the upper threshold time after the user has performed "n" interactions in which the push to talk communication mode was selected to be used by the adaptive recording application. UTT_n may be calculated by any statistical measure from $UTT_0, t_1, \ldots, t_n$.

Enumerated below are examples of the statistical measures used for calculating UTT_n. In a first example, UTT_n can be the average of all elements in the set, as shown below:

$$UTT_n=\text{avg}(LTT_0, t_1, \ldots, t_n)$$

In a second example, if "n" is greater than a number such as 5, UTT_n can be the average of all elements in the set, excluding the set's maximum and minimum. In a third example, UTT_n can the maximum of all elements in the set, as shown below:

$$UTT_n=\max(LTT_0, t_1, \ldots, t_n)$$

In a fourth example, UTT_n can be the minimum of all elements in the set, as shown below:

$$UTT_n=\min(LTT_0, t_1, \ldots, t_n)$$

In an embodiment, the adaptive recording application engages the user in a training session for adaptively configuring the lower threshold time and the upper threshold time for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device. The configuration of the lower threshold time and the upper threshold time is customized based on how the user selects the communication modes. The adaptive recording application instructs the user to repeatedly press and release the interface element while intending to use the push to talk communication mode. The adaptive recording application then instructs the user to repeatedly press and release the interface element while intending to use the tap to start communication mode. The adaptive recording application then sets the lower threshold time and the upper threshold time based on an average formula or another statistical measure. For example, during the training session of the push to talk communication mode if the user required 1.0 second to press and release the interface element for the first trial, 1.0 second to press and release the interface element for the second trial, and 2.0 seconds to press and release the interface element for the third trial, then the adaptive recording application sets the upper threshold time to 1.33 seconds. In another example, during the training session of the tap to start communication mode if the user required 0.5 seconds to press and release the interface element for the first trial, 0.5 seconds to press and release the interface element for the second trial, and 0.3 seconds to press and release the interface element for the third trial, then the adaptive recording application sets the lower threshold time to 0.43 seconds.

In another embodiment, the lower threshold time and the upper threshold time can be used to calculate the critical time that is used to select the communication mode for recording a media message, for example, an audio message disclosed in the detailed description of FIG. **2**. In this embodiment, the critical time is a time that falls between the upper threshold time and the lower threshold time. For example, the critical time can be the average of the upper threshold time and the lower threshold time. In another example, the critical time can be the third quartile or the fourth decile of the upper threshold time and the lower threshold time. In an embodiment, the upper threshold time and the lower threshold time can be directly used by a hybrid method as disclosed in the detailed description of FIGS. **7A-7C**, for determining the communication mode for initiating recording of a media message.

FIGS. **7A-7C** exemplarily illustrate a flowchart comprising the steps for determining a communication mode based on a comparison of the duration of the activation of the interface element with a lower threshold time and an upper threshold

time. The adaptive recording application provides the user with a default screen showing recording controls on the communication device. The adaptive recording application detects an activation of the interface element, for example, a click **701** on an initiation button on the user's communication device. The adaptive recording application initiates **702** recording of an audio message and sets **703** the communication mode to the push to talk communication mode so that any audio message starts recording. The adaptive recording application then detects **704** a release of a click on the initiation button. The adaptive recording application compares the duration of the click with the lower threshold time and the upper threshold time. For example, the adaptive recording application checks **705** if the duration of the click is less than the lower threshold time. If the duration of the click is less than the lower threshold time, the adaptive recording application sets **706** the communication mode to the tap to start communication mode for recording the audio message. As the user talks **710**, the adaptive recording application detects an end of the recording when the user stops talking **713** or taps **712** a stop button exemplarily illustrated in FIG. **7**B, and triggers termination **714** of the recording. The adaptive recording application saves **715** the recorded audio message and provides an indication **716** to the user that the recorded audio message is saved as exemplarily illustrated in FIG. **7**C.

If the duration of the click is not less than the lower threshold, the adaptive recording application checks **707** whether the duration of the click is greater than the upper threshold time. If the duration of the click is greater than the upper threshold time, the adaptive recording application continues to record the audio, until the user releases the initiation button, at which time the adaptive recording application triggers termination **714** of the recording. The adaptive recording application saves **715** the recorded audio message and provides an indication **716** to the user that the recorded audio message is saved. If the duration of the click is less than the upper threshold time and greater than the lower threshold time, then the adaptive recording application checks **708** whether the user is talking after the initiation button is released. If the user is talking after the initiation button is released, the adaptive recording application sets **706** the communication mode to the tap to start communication mode. The user talks **710** and the adaptive recording application detects an end of the recording when the user stops talking **713** or taps **712** a stop button, and triggers termination **714** of the recording. The adaptive recording application saves **715** the recorded audio message and provides an indication **716** to the user that the recorded audio message is saved. If the user is not talking after the initiation button is released, then the adaptive recording application checks **709** whether the user was talking while the initiation button was pressed. If the user was talking while the button was pressed, then the adaptive recording application continues in the push to talk communication mode. The user talks **710** and releases the initiation button **711** to trigger the termination **714** of the recording. The adaptive recording application saves **715** the recorded audio message and provides an indication **716** to the user that the recorded audio message is saved. If the user is not talking during the time the initiation button was pressed, the adaptive recording application sets **706** the communication mode to the tap to start communication mode. The user talks **710** and the adaptive recording application detects an end of the recording when the user stops talking **713** or taps **712** a stop button, and triggers termination **714** of the recording. The adaptive recording application saves **715** the recorded audio message and provides an indication **716** to the user that the recorded audio message is saved.

Consider an example, where a lower threshold time is set to 0.2 seconds and an upper threshold time is set to 0.4 seconds. In the hybrid method, for a click time less than 0.2 seconds, the adaptive recording application determines the user's click to be a tap because of the short duration of the click and determines that the user is intending to use the tap to start communication mode. For a click time greater than 0.4 seconds, the adaptive recording application determines that the user is holding the button down for an extended duration of time and therefore intends to use the push to talk communication mode. When a user keeps a button pressed for a time between 0.2 seconds and 0.4 seconds, since the intent of the user may be unclear, the adaptive recording application checks whether the user is talking or not after the release of the button. If the user is talking after the release of the button, the adaptive recording application determines that the user wishes to continue talking and sets the communication mode to the tap to start communication mode. If the user is not talking when the button is released, then the adaptive recording application checks the recording during the click duration to determine the communication mode. If the user was talking during the click duration, then the adaptive recording application continues with the push to talk communication mode. If the user was not talking during the click duration, then the adaptive recording application sets the communication mode to the tap to start communication mode.

FIG. **8** exemplarily illustrates a computer implemented system **800** for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device **801**. The communication mode is, for example, a push to talk communication mode, a tap to start communication mode, etc. The communication device **801** is, for example, a cellular phone, a smart phone, a tablet computing device, a laptop, etc., or any other mobile device configured for mobile communication. The computer implemented system **800** disclosed herein comprises the adaptive recording application **802** deployed on a user's communication device **801**. The computer implemented system **800** disclosed herein further comprises at least one processor configured to execute modules **803**, **804**, **805**, **806**, **807**, **808**, **809**, etc., of the adaptive recording application **802**, and a non-transitory computer readable storage medium configured to store the modules **803**, **804**, **805**, **806**, **807**, **808**, **809**, etc., of the adaptive recording application **802**. The non-transitory computer readable storage medium is communicatively coupled to the processor. The adaptive recording application **802** comprises a detection module **803**, an activation duration determination module **804**, a comparison module **805**, a media signal determination module **806**, a mode selection module **807**, a time configuration module **808**, and a record trigger module **809**.

The detection module **803** detects activation of an interface element on the communication device **801** for initiating recording of the media message. The activation duration determination module **804** determines a duration of the activation of the interface element. The comparison module **805** compares the duration of the activation of the interface element with one or more configurable timing parameters, for example, a critical time, a lower threshold time, an upper threshold time, etc. In an embodiment, the comparison module **805** compares the duration of the activation of the interface element with the critical time. In another embodiment, the comparison module **805** compares the duration of the activation of the interface element with the lower threshold time and the upper threshold time. The mode selection module **807** selects, in response to the detection of the activation of the interface element, one of the communication modes for recording the media message based on one or a combination

of the comparison of the duration of the activation of the interface element with the configurable timing parameters performed by the comparison module **805** and a determination of a presence or an absence of a media signal during and/or after the activation of the interface element performed by the media signal determination module **806**. In an embodiment, the mode selection module **807** selects one of the communication modes, for example, the tap to start communication mode, if the duration of the activation of the interface element is less than the critical time, and another of the communication modes, for example, the push to talk communication mode if the duration of the activation of the interface element is greater than the critical time. In another embodiment, the mode selection module **807** selects one of the communication modes, for example, the tap to start communication mode if the duration of the activation of the interface element is less than the lower threshold time, and another of the communication modes, for example, the push to talk communication mode if the duration of the activation of the interface element is greater than the upper threshold time. In another embodiment, the mode selection module **807** selects one of the communication modes based on one or more of multiple options, if the duration of activation of the interface element is greater than the lower threshold time and less than the upper threshold time. The options comprise, for example, the presence or the absence of a media signal, proximity of the duration of activation of the interface element to the lower threshold time or the upper threshold time, type of the communication device **801**, a user input clarifying the communication mode intended by the user, etc.

The time configuration module **808** configures the configurable timing parameters, for example, based on a user input, a system setting configured by the adaptive recording application **802**, an analysis of the duration of the activation of the interface element, and/or past user behavior determined from prior activations of the interface element by the user in the past, or during a training session. The media signal determination module **806** determines the presence or the absence of the media signal during and/or after the activation of the interface element. Furthermore, the media signal determination module **806** analyzes the media signal received during and/or after the activation of the interface element for selection of one of the communication modes. The record trigger module **809** triggers the recording of the media message using the selected communication mode.

FIG. **9** exemplarily illustrates the architecture of a computer system **900** employed by the adaptive recording application **802** for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device **801**. The adaptive recording application **802** of the computer implemented system **800** exemplarily illustrated in FIG. **8** employs the architecture of the computer system **900** exemplarily illustrated in FIG. **9**. The computer system **900** is programmable using a high level computer programming language. The computer system **900** may be implemented using programmed and purposeful hardware. The computer system **900** comprises, for example, a processor **901**, a memory unit **902** for storing programs and data, an input/output (I/O) controller **903**, a network interface **904**, a data bus **905**, a display unit **906**, input devices **907**, a fixed media drive **908**, a removable media drive **909** for receiving removable media, output devices **910**, etc.

The term "processor" refers to any one or more microprocessors, central processing unit (CPU) devices, finite state machines, computers, microcontrollers, digital signal processors, logic, a logic device, an electronic circuit, an application specific integrated circuit (ASIC), a field-programmable gate array (FPGA), a chip, etc., or any combination thereof, capable of executing computer programs or a series of commands, instructions, or state transitions. The processor **901** may also be implemented as a processor set comprising, for example, a general purpose microprocessor and a math or graphics co-processor. The processor **901** is selected, for example, from the Intel® processors such as the Itanium® microprocessor or the Pentium® processors, Advanced Micro Devices (AMD®) processors such as the Athlon® processor, UltraSPARC® processors, microSPARC® processors, hp® processors, International Business Machines (IBM®) processors such as the PowerPC® microprocessor, the MIPS® reduced instruction set computer (RISC) processor of MIPS Technologies, Inc., RISC based computer processors of ARM Holdings, Motorola® processors, etc. The computer implemented system **800** disclosed herein is not limited to the computer system **900** employing the processor **901**. The computer system **900** may also employ a controller or a microcontroller.

The memory unit **902** is used for storing programs, applications, and data. For example, the detection module **803**, the activation duration determination module **804**, the comparison module **805**, the media signal determination module **806**, the mode selection module **807**, the time configuration module **808**, the record trigger module **809**, etc., of the adaptive recording application **802** are stored in the memory unit **902** of the computer system **900**. The memory unit **902** is, for example, a random access memory (RAM) or another type of dynamic storage device that stores information and instructions for execution by the processor **901**. The memory unit **902** also stores temporary variables and other intermediate information used during execution of the instructions by the processor **901**. The computer system **900** further comprises a read only memory (ROM) or another type of static storage device that stores static information and instructions for the processor **901**.

The I/O controller **903** controls input actions and output actions performed by the adaptive recording application **802**. The network interface **904** enables connection of the computer system **900** to a network, for example, the internet, a mobile communication network, etc. For example, the computer system **900** communicates with other interacting devices, for example, another mobile device (not shown), through the network interface **904**. In an embodiment, the network interface **904** is provided as an interface card also referred to as a line card. The network interface **904** comprises, for example, one or more of an infrared (IR) interface, an interface implementing Wi-Fi® of the Wireless Ethernet Compatibility Alliance, Inc., a universal serial bus (USB) interface, a FireWire® interface of Apple, Inc., an Ethernet interface, a frame relay interface, a cable interface, a digital subscriber line (DSL) interface, a token ring interface, a peripheral controller interconnect (PCI) interface, a local area network (LAN) interface, a wide area network (WAN) interface, interfaces using serial protocols, interfaces using parallel protocols, and Ethernet communication interfaces, asynchronous transfer mode (ATM) interfaces, a high-speed serial interface (HSSI), a fiber distributed data interface (FDDI), interfaces based on transmission control protocol (TCP)/internet protocol (IP), interfaces based on wireless communications technology such as satellite technology, radio frequency (RF) technology, near field communication, etc. The data bus **905** permits communication between the modules, for example, **803**, **804**, **805**, **806**, **807**, **808**, **809**, etc., of the adaptive recording application **802**.

The display unit **906** via a graphical user interface (GUI), displays information, display interfaces, user interface ele-

ments such as text fields, checkboxes, text boxes, windows, etc., for allowing the user, for example, to record and send a media message. The display unit **906** comprises, for example, a liquid crystal display, a plasma display, an organic light emitting diode (OLED) based display, etc. The input devices **907** are used for inputting data, for example, a media message, into the computer system **900**. The input devices **907** are, for example, a microphone for inputting voice, a physical button, a touch pad, a touch sensitive display device or any device capable of sensing a tactile input, etc. The input devices **907** further comprise a keyboard such as an alphanumeric keyboard for entering a text message, a joystick, a pointing device such as a computer mouse, a light pen, a pointing device, a track ball, a pointing stick, etc.

Computer applications and programs are used for operating the computer system **900**. The programs are loaded onto the fixed media drive **908** and into the memory unit **902** of the computer system **900** via the removable media drive **909**. In an embodiment, the computer applications and programs may be loaded directly via a network, for example, a Wi-Fi® network. Computer applications and programs are executed by double clicking a related icon displayed on the display unit **906** using one of the input devices **907**. The output devices **910** output the results of the operations performed by the adaptive recording application **802**, for example, for viewing by a user of the communication device **801**. For example, the adaptive recording application **802** notifies a user of a selected communication mode, about the recorded media message generated on successful recording of the media message, etc., through a pop-up window on the output device **910** such as the display unit **906** of the communication device **801**. In another example, the adaptive recording application **802** prompts the user to select which communication mode he/she would like to use through a dialog box on the output device **910** such as the display unit **906** of the communication device **801**.

The processor **901** executes an operating system, for example, the Linux® operating system, the Unix® operating system, any version of the Microsoft® Windows® operating system, the Mac OS of Apple Inc., the IBM® OS/2, VxWorks® of Wind River Systems, inc., QNX Neutrino® developed by QNX Software Systems Ltd., Palm OS®, the Solaris operating system developed by Sun Microsystems, Inc., the Android operating system, Windows Phone™ operating system of Microsoft Corporation, BlackBerry® operating system of Research in Motion Limited, the iOS operating system of Apple Inc., the Symbian® operating system of Symbian Foundation Limited, etc. The computer system **900** employs an operating system for performing multiple tasks. The operating system is responsible for management and coordination of activities and sharing of resources of the computer system **900**. The operating system further manages security of the computer system **900**, peripheral devices connected to the computer system **900**, and network connections. The operating system employed on the computer system **900** recognizes, for example, inputs provided by a user using one of the input devices **907**, the output display, files, and directories stored locally on the fixed media drive **908**, for example, a hard drive. The operating system on the computer system **900** executes different programs using the processor **901**. The processor **901** and the operating system together define a computer platform for which application programs in high level programming languages are written.

The processor **901** retrieves the instructions for executing the modules, for example, **803**, **804**, **805**, **806**, **807**, **808**, **809**, etc., of the adaptive recording application **802**. A program counter determines the location of the instructions in the memory unit **902**. The program counter stores a number that identifies a current position in the program of each of the modules, for example, **803**, **804**, **805**, **806**, **807**, **808**, **809**, etc., of the adaptive recording application **802**. The instructions fetched by the processor **901** from the memory unit **902** after being processed are decoded. The instructions are stored in an instruction register in the processor **901**. After processing and decoding, the processor **901** executes the instructions. For example, the detection module **803** defines instructions for detecting activation of an interface element on the communication device **801** for initiating recording of a media message. The activation duration determination module **804** defines instructions for determining a duration of the activation of the interface element. The time configuration module **808** defines instructions for configuring the configurable timing parameters, for example, based on a user input, a system setting configured by the adaptive recording application **802**, an analysis of the duration of the activation of the interface element, and/or past user behavior determined from prior activations of the interface element by the user in the past, or during a training session. The comparison module **805** defines instructions for comparing the duration of the activation of the interface element with one or more configurable timing parameters, for example, a critical time, a lower threshold time, an upper threshold time, etc. In an embodiment, the comparison module **805** defines instructions for comparing the duration of the activation of the interface element with the critical time. In another embodiment, the comparison module **805** defines instructions for comparing the duration of the activation of the interface element with the lower threshold time and the upper threshold time.

The media signal determination module **806** defines instructions for determining the presence or the absence of a media signal during and/or after the activation of the interface element. In an embodiment, the media signal determination module **806** defines instructions for analyzing the media signal received during and/or after the activation of the interface element for the selection of one of the communication modes. The record trigger module **809** defines instructions for triggering the recording of the media message using the selected communication mode. The mode selection module **807** defines instructions for selecting, in response to the detection of the activation of the interface element on the communication device **801**, one of multiple communication modes for recording the media message based on one or a combination of the comparison of the duration of the activation of the interface element with one or more configurable timing parameters and the determination of a presence or an absence of a media signal during and/or after the activation of the interface element.

In an embodiment, the mode selection module **807** defines instructions for selecting one of the communication modes, for example, the tap to start communication mode, if the duration of the activation of the interface element is less than the critical time, and another of the communication modes, for example, the push to talk communication mode if the duration of the activation of the interface element is greater than the critical time. In another embodiment, the mode selection module **807** defines instructions for selecting one of the communication modes, for example, the tap to start communication mode, if the duration of the activation of the interface element is less than the lower threshold time, and another of the communication modes, for example, the push to talk communication mode if the duration of the activation of the interface element is greater than the upper threshold time. In another embodiment, the mode selection module **807** defines instructions for selecting one of the communication modes

based on one or more options comprising, for example, the presence or the absence of the media signal, proximity of the duration of activation of the interface element to the lower threshold time or the upper threshold time, type of the communication device **801**, a user input clarifying the communication mode intended by the user, etc., if the duration of activation of the interface element is greater than the lower threshold time and less than the upper threshold time.

The processor **901** of the computer system **900** employed by the adaptive recording application **802** retrieves the instructions defined by the detection module **803**, the activation duration determination module **804**, the comparison module **805**, the media signal determination module **806**, the mode selection module **807**, the time configuration module **808**, the record trigger module **809**, etc., of the adaptive recording application **802** and executes the instructions, thereby performing one or more processes defined by those instructions.

At the time of execution, the instructions stored in the instruction register are examined to determine the operations to be performed. The processor **901** then performs the specified operations. The operations comprise arithmetic operations and logic operations. The operating system performs multiple routines for performing a number of tasks required to assign the input devices **907**, the output devices **910**, and memory for execution of the modules, for example, **803**, **804**, **805**, **806**, **807**, **808**, **809**, etc., of the adaptive recording application **802**. The tasks performed by the operating system comprise, for example, assigning memory to the modules, for example, **803**, **804**, **805**, **806**, **807**, **808**, **809**, etc., of the adaptive recording application **802**, and to data used by the adaptive recording application **802**, moving data between the memory unit **902** and disk units, and handling input/output operations. The operating system performs the tasks on request by the operations and after performing the tasks, the operating system transfers the execution control back to the processor **901**. The processor **901** continues the execution to obtain one or more outputs. The outputs of the execution of the modules, for example, **803**, **804**, **805**, **806**, **807**, **808**, **809**, etc., of the adaptive recording application **802** are displayed to the user on the display unit **906**.

For purposes of illustration, the detailed description refers to the adaptive recording application **802** disclosed herein being run locally on the computer system **900**; however the scope of the computer implemented method and system **800** disclosed herein is not limited to the adaptive recording application **802** being run locally on the computer system **900** via the operating system and the processor **901**, but may be extended to run remotely over the network, for example, by employing a web browser and a remote server, a mobile phone, or other electronic devices. One or more portions of the computer system **900** may be distributed across one or more computer systems (not shown) coupled to the network.

Disclosed herein is also a computer program product comprising a non-transitory computer readable storage medium that stores computer program codes comprising instructions executable by at least one processor **901** of the computer system **900** for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device **801**. As used herein, the term "non-transitory computer readable storage medium" refers to all computer readable media, for example, non-volatile media such as optical discs or magnetic disks, volatile media such as a register memory, a processor cache, etc., and transmission media such as wires that constitute a system bus coupled to the processor **901**, except for a transitory, propagating signal.

The computer program product disclosed herein comprises multiple computer program codes for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a user's communication device **801**. For example, the computer program product disclosed herein comprises a first computer program code for detecting activation of an interface element on the communication device **801** for initiating the recording of the media message; a second computer program code for determining a duration of the activation of the interface element; a third computer program code for comparing the duration of the activation of the interface element with one or more configurable timing parameters; and a fourth computer program code for selecting, in response to the detection of the activation of the interface element, one of multiple communication modes for recording the media message based on one or a combination of the comparison of the duration of the activation of the interface element with one or more configurable timing parameters and the determination of a presence or an absence of a media signal during and/or after the activation of the interface element.

The computer program product disclosed herein further comprises a fifth computer program code for configuring the configurable timing parameters, for example, based on a user input, a system setting configured by the adaptive recording application **802**, an analysis of the duration of the activation of the interface element, and/or past user behavior determined from the activation of the interface element by the user in the past, or during a training session. The computer program product disclosed herein further comprises a sixth computer program code for analyzing the media signal received during and/or after the activation of the interface element for the selection of one of the communication modes. The computer program product disclosed herein further comprises one or more additional computer program codes for performing additional steps that may be required and contemplated for determining a communication mode for recording the media message on the communication device **801**. In an embodiment, a single piece of computer program code comprising computer executable instructions performs one or more steps of the computer implemented method disclosed herein for determining a communication mode for recording the media message on the communication device **801**.

The computer program codes comprising the computer executable instructions are embodied on the non-transitory computer readable storage medium. The processor **901** of the computer system **900** retrieves these computer executable instructions and executes them. When the computer executable instructions are executed by the processor **901**, the computer executable instructions cause the processor **901** to perform the steps of the computer implemented method for determining a communication mode for recording the media message on the communication device **801**.

It will be readily apparent that the various methods, algorithms, and computer programs disclosed herein may be implemented on computer readable media appropriately programmed for general purpose computers, computing devices, and communication devices. As used herein, the term "computer readable media" refers to non-transitory computer readable media that participate in providing data, for example, instructions that may be read by a computer, a processor or a similar device. Non-transitory computer readable media comprise all computer readable media, for example, non-volatile media, volatile media, and transmission media, except for a transitory, propagating signal. Non-volatile media comprise, for example, optical discs or magnetic disks and other persistent memory volatile media including a dynamic random access memory (DRAM), which typically

constitutes a main memory. Volatile media comprise, for example, a register memory, a processor cache, a random access memory (RAM), etc. Transmission media comprise, for example, coaxial cables, copper wire, fiber optic cables, modems, etc., including wires that constitute a system bus coupled to a processor, etc. Common forms of computer readable media comprise, for example, a floppy disk, a flexible disk, a hard disk, magnetic tape, a laser disc, a Blu-ray Disc®, any magnetic medium, a compact disc-read only memory (CD-ROM), a digital versatile disc (DVD), any optical medium, a flash memory card, punch cards, paper tape, any other physical medium with patterns of holes, a random access memory (RAM), a programmable read only memory (PROM), an erasable programmable read only memory (EPROM), an electrically erasable programmable read only memory (EEPROM), a flash memory, any other memory chip or cartridge, or any other medium from which a computer can read.

The computer programs that implement the methods and algorithms disclosed herein may be stored and transmitted using a variety of media, for example, the computer readable media in a number of manners. In an embodiment, hard-wired circuitry or custom hardware may be used in place of, or in combination with, software instructions for implementation of the processes of various embodiments. Therefore, the embodiments are not limited to any specific combination of hardware and software. In general, the computer program codes comprising computer executable instructions may be implemented in any programming language. Some examples of programming languages that can be used comprise C, C++, C#, Java®, Fortran, Ruby, Pascal, Perl®, Python®, Visual Basic®, MATLAB®, etc. Other object-oriented, functional, scripting, and/or logical programming languages may also be used. The computer program codes or software programs may be stored on or in one or more mediums as object code. Various aspects of the method and system disclosed herein may be implemented as programmed elements, or non-programmed elements, or any suitable combination thereof. The computer program product disclosed herein comprises computer executable instructions embodied in a non-transitory computer readable storage medium, wherein the computer program product comprises one or more computer program codes for implementing the processes of various embodiments.

The present invention can be configured to work in a network environment comprising one or more computers that are in communication with one or more devices via a network. The computers may communicate with the devices directly or indirectly, via a wired medium or a wireless medium such as the Internet, a local area network (LAN), a wide area network (WAN) or the Ethernet, a token ring, or via any appropriate communications mediums or combination of communications mediums. Each of the devices may comprise processors, for example, the Intel® processors, Advanced Micro Devices (AMD®) processors, UltraSPARC® processors, hp® processors, International Business Machines (IBM®) processors, RISC based computer processors of ARM Holdings, Motorola® processors, etc., that are adapted to communicate with the computers. In an embodiment, each of the computers is equipped with a network communication device, for example, a network interface card, a modem, or other network connection device suitable for connecting to a network. Each of the computers and the devices executes an operating system, for example, the Linux® operating system, the Unix® operating system, any version of the Microsoft® Windows® operating system, the Mac OS of Apple Inc., the IBM® OS/2, the Palm OS®, the Android® OS, the Blackberry® OS, the Solaris operating system developed by Sun Microsystems, Inc., or any other operating system. Handheld devices execute operating systems, for example, the Android operating system, the Windows Phone™ operating system of Microsoft Corporation, the BlackBerry® operating system of Research in Motion Limited, the iOS operating system of Apple Inc., the Symbian® operating system of Symbian Foundation Limited, etc. While the operating system may differ depending on the type of computer, the operating system will continue to provide the appropriate communications protocols to establish communication links with the network. Any number and type of machines may be in communication with the computers. The present invention is not limited to a particular computer system platform, processor, operating system, or network.

The foregoing examples have been provided merely for the purpose of explanation and are in no way to be construed as limiting of the present invention disclosed herein. While the invention has been described with reference to various embodiments, it is understood that the words, which have been used herein, are words of description and illustration, rather than words of limitation. Further, although the invention has been described herein with reference to particular means, materials, and embodiments, the invention is not intended to be limited to the particulars disclosed herein; rather, the invention extends to all functionally equivalent structures, methods and uses, such as are within the scope of the appended claims. Those skilled in the art, having the benefit of the teachings of this specification, may affect numerous modifications thereto and changes may be made without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention in its aspects.

I claim:

1. A computer implemented method for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device, comprising:

providing an adaptive recording application executable by at least one processor configured to record said media message on said communication device;

detecting activation of an interface element on said communication device for initiating said recording of said media message by said adaptive recording application;

determining a duration of said activation of said interface element by said adaptive recording application;

comparing said duration of said activation of said interface element with one or more configurable timing parameters by said adaptive recording application; and

selecting, in response to said detection of said activation of said interface element, one of a plurality of communication modes for recording said media message by said adaptive recording application based on said comparison of said duration of said activation of said interface element with said one or more configurable timing parameters.

2. The computer implemented method of claim **1**, wherein said media message is one of an audio message, a video message, an audiovisual message, a multimedia message, and any combination thereof.

3. The computer implemented method of claim **1**, wherein said communication modes comprise a push to talk communication mode and a tap to start communication mode.

4. The computer implemented method of claim **1**, further comprising configuring said one or more configurable timing parameters by said adaptive recording application based on one of a user input, a system setting configured by said adaptive recording application, an analysis of said duration of said

activation of said interface element, and past user behavior determined from prior activations of said interface element.

5. The computer implemented method of claim **1**, wherein said one or more configurable timing parameters comprise a critical time, and wherein said comparison of said duration of said activation of said interface element with said one or more configurable timing parameters by said adaptive recording application comprises comparing said duration of said activation of said interface element with said critical time.

6. The computer implemented method of claim **5**, wherein said adaptive recording application is configured to select one of said communication modes if said duration of said activation of said interface element is less than said critical time, and another of said communication modes if said duration of said activation of said interface element is greater than said critical time.

7. The computer implemented method of claim **1**, wherein said one or more configurable timing parameters comprise a lower threshold time and an upper threshold time, and wherein said comparison of said duration of said activation of said interface element with said one or more configurable timing parameters by said adaptive recording application comprises comparing said duration of said activation of said interface element with said lower threshold time and said upper threshold time.

8. The computer implemented method of claim **7**, wherein said adaptive recording application is configured to select one of said communication modes if said duration of said activation of said interface element is less than said lower threshold time, and another of said communication modes if said duration of said activation of said interface element is greater than said upper threshold time.

9. The computer implemented method of claim **7**, wherein said adaptive recording application is configured to select one of said communication modes based on one or more of a plurality of options, if said duration of said activation of said interface element is greater than said lower threshold time and less than said upper threshold time.

10. The computer implemented method of claim **9**, wherein said options comprise one of a presence and an absence of a media signal, proximity of said duration of said activation of said interface element to one of said lower threshold time and said upper threshold time, type of said communication device, and a user input clarifying said one of said communication modes intended by a user.

11. The computer implemented method of claim **10**, wherein said media signal is one of an audio signal, a video signal, an audiovisual signal, a multimedia signal, and any combination thereof.

12. A computer implemented method for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device, comprising:

providing an adaptive recording application executable by at least one processor configured to record said media message on said communication device;

detecting activation of an interface element on said communication device for initiating said recording of said media message by said adaptive recording application;

determining one of a presence and an absence of a media signal during and/or after said activation of said interface element; and

selecting, in response to said detection of said activation of said interface element, one of a plurality of communication modes for recording said media message by said adaptive recording application based on said determination of said one of said presence and said absence of said media signal.

13. The computer implemented method of claim **12**, wherein said media message is one of an audio message, a video message, an audiovisual message, a multimedia message, and any combination thereof, wherein said media signal is one of an audio signal, a video signal, an audiovisual signal, a multimedia signal, and any combination thereof.

14. The computer implemented method of claim **12**, wherein said communication modes comprise a push to talk communication mode and a tap to start communication mode.

15. The computer implemented method of claim **12**, further comprising analyzing said media signal received during and/or after said activation of said interface element by said adaptive recording application for said selection of said one of said communication modes.

16. The computer implemented method of claim **12**, wherein said recording of said media message is initiated prior to said selection of said one of said communication modes.

17. The computer implemented method of claim **12**, wherein said recording of said media message is initiated after said selection of said one of said communication modes.

18. A computer implemented method for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device, comprising:

providing an adaptive recording application executable by at least one processor configured to record said media message on said communication device;

detecting activation of an interface element on said communication device for initiating said recording of said media message by said adaptive recording application;

determining a duration of said activation of said interface element by said adaptive recording application; and

selecting, in response to said detection of said activation of said interface element, one of a plurality of communication modes for recording said media message by said adaptive recording application based on one or a combination of:

a comparison of said duration of said activation of said interface element with one or more configurable timing parameters; and

a determination of one of a presence and an absence of a media signal during and/or after said activation of said interface element.

19. The computer implemented method of claim **18**, wherein said media message is one of an audio message, a video message, an audiovisual message, a multimedia message, and any combination thereof, wherein said media signal is one of an audio signal, a video signal, an audiovisual signal, a multimedia signal, and any combination thereof.

20. The computer implemented method of claim **18**, wherein said communication modes comprise a push to talk communication mode and a tap to start communication mode.

21. The computer implemented method of claim **18**, further comprising configuring said one or more configurable timing parameters by said adaptive recording application based on one of a user input, a system setting configured by said adaptive recording application, an analysis of said duration of said activation of said interface element, and past user behavior determined from prior activations of said interface element.

22. The computer implemented method of claim **18**, wherein said one or more configurable timing parameters comprise a critical time, and wherein said comparison of said duration of said activation of said interface element with said one or more configurable timing parameters by said adaptive

recording application comprises comparing said duration of said activation of said interface element with said critical time.

23. The computer implemented method of claim **18**, wherein said one or more configurable timing parameters comprise a lower threshold time and an upper threshold time, and wherein said comparison of said duration of said activation of said interface element with said one or more configurable timing parameters by said adaptive recording application comprises comparing said duration of said activation of said interface element with said lower threshold time and said upper threshold time.

24. The computer implemented method of claim **23**, wherein said adaptive recording application is configured to select one of said communication modes based on said determination of said one of said presence and said absence of said media signal during and/or after said activation of said interface element, if said duration of said activation of said interface element is greater than said lower threshold time and less than said upper threshold time.

25. The computer implemented method of claim **18**, further comprising analyzing said media signal received during and/or after said activation of said interface element by said adaptive recording application for said selection of said one of said communication modes.

26. A computer implemented method for determining a communication mode for recording an audio message on a communication device, comprising:

providing an adaptive recording application executable by at least one processor configured to record said audio message on said communication device;

detecting activation of an interface element on said communication device for initiating said recording of said audio message by said adaptive recording application; and

selecting, in response to said detection of said activation of said interface element, one of a plurality of communication modes for recording said audio message by said adaptive recording application based on one or more of:

a comparison of a duration of said activation of said interface element with a critical time configured by said adaptive recording application; and

a detection of an audio signal on said activation of said interface element.

27. The computer implemented method of claim **26**, wherein said communication modes comprise a push to talk communication mode and a tap to start communication mode.

28. The computer implemented method of claim **26**, further comprising adaptively configuring said critical time by said adaptive recording application based on an analysis of said duration of said activation of said interface element and past user behavior observed after each said activation of said interface element.

29. The computer implemented method of claim **26**, further comprising analyzing said audio signal received on said activation of said interface element by said adaptive recording application for said selection of said one of said communication modes.

30. A computer implemented system for determining a communication mode for recording a media message on a communication device, comprising:

at least one processor configured to execute an adaptive recording application;

a non-transitory computer readable storage medium communicatively coupled to said at least one processor, said non-transitory computer readable storage medium configured to store said adaptive recording application;

said adaptive recording application comprising:

a detection module configured to detect activation of an interface element on said communication device for initiating said recording of said media message;

an activation duration determination module configured to determine a duration of said activation of said interface element;

a comparison module configured to compare said duration of said activation of said interface element with one or more configurable timing parameters; and

a mode selection module configured to select, in response to said detection of said activation of said interface element, one of a plurality of communication modes for recording said media message based on one or a combination of:

said comparison of said duration of said activation of said interface element with said one or more configurable timing parameters; and

a determination of one of a presence and an absence of a media signal during and/or after said activation of said interface element.

31. The computer implemented system of claim **30**, wherein said communication modes comprise a push to talk communication mode and a tap to start communication mode.

32. The computer implemented system of claim **30**, wherein said adaptive recording application further comprises a time configuration module configured to configure said one or more configurable timing parameters based on one of a user input, a system setting configured by said adaptive recording application, an analysis of said duration of said activation of said interface element, and past user behavior determined from prior activations of said interface element.

33. The computer implemented system of claim **30**, wherein said one or more configurable timing parameters comprise a critical time, and wherein said comparison module is configured to compare said duration of said activation of said interface element with said critical time, and wherein said mode selection module is configured to select one of said communication modes if said duration of said activation of said interface element is less than said critical time, and another of said communication modes if said duration of said activation of said interface element is greater than said critical time.

34. The computer implemented system of claim **30**, wherein said one or more configurable timing parameters comprise a lower threshold time and an upper threshold time, and wherein said comparison module is configured to compare said duration of said activation of said interface element with said lower threshold time and said upper threshold time, and wherein said mode selection module is further configured to select one of said communication modes if said duration of said activation of said interface element is less than said lower threshold time, and another of said communication modes if said duration of said activation of said interface element is greater than said upper threshold time.

35. The computer implemented system of claim **34**, wherein said mode selection module is further configured to select one of said communication modes based on one or more of a plurality of options, if said duration of said activation of said interface element is greater than said lower threshold time and less than said upper threshold time, wherein said options comprise one of said presence and said absence of said media signal, proximity of said duration of said activation of said interface element to one of said lower threshold time and said upper threshold time, type of said communication device, and a user input clarifying said one of said communication modes intended by a user.

36. The computer implemented system of claim 30, wherein said adaptive recording application further comprises a media signal determination module configured to determine said one of said presence and said absence of said media signal during and/or after said activation of said interface element.

37. The computer implemented system of claim 36, wherein said media signal determination module is further configured to analyze said media signal received during and/or after said activation of said interface element for said selection of said one of said communication modes.

38. A computer implemented system for determining a communication mode for recording an audio message on a communication device, comprising:

at least one processor configured to execute an adaptive recording application;

a non-transitory computer readable storage medium communicatively coupled to said at least one processor, said non-transitory computer readable storage medium configured to store said adaptive recording application;

said adaptive recording application comprising:

a detection module configured to detect activation of an interface element on said communication device for initiating said recording of said audio message;

an activation duration determination module configured to determine a duration of said activation of said interface element;

a comparison module configured to compare said duration of said activation of said interface element with one or more configurable timing parameters; and

a mode selection module configured to select, in response to said detection of said activation of said interface element, one of a plurality of communication modes for recording said audio message based on one or a combination of:

said comparison of said duration of said activation of said interface element with said one or more configurable timing parameters; and

a determination of one of a presence and an absence of an audio signal during and/or after said activation of said interface element.

39. The computer implemented system of claim 38, wherein said communication modes comprise a push to talk communication mode and a tap to start communication mode.

40. The computer implemented system of claim 38, wherein said adaptive recording application further comprises a time configuration module configured to configure said one or more configurable timing parameters based on one of a user input, a system setting configured by said adaptive recording application, an analysis of said duration of said activation of said interface element, and past user behavior determined from prior activations of said interface element.

41. The computer implemented system of claim 38, wherein said one or more configurable timing parameters comprise a critical time, and wherein said comparison module is configured to compare said duration of said activation of said interface element with said critical time, and wherein said mode selection module is configured to select one of said communication modes if said duration of said activation of said interface element is less than said critical time, and another of said communication modes if said duration of said activation of said interface element is greater than said critical time.

42. The computer implemented system of claim 38, wherein said one or more configurable timing parameters comprise a lower threshold time and an upper threshold time, and wherein said comparison module is configured to compare said duration of said activation of said interface element with said lower threshold time and said upper threshold time, and wherein said mode selection module is further configured to select one of said communication modes if said duration of said activation of said interface element is less than said lower threshold time, and another of said communication modes if said duration of said activation of said interface element is greater than said upper threshold time.

43. The computer implemented system of claim 42, wherein said mode selection module is further configured to select one of said communication modes based on one or more of a plurality of options, if said duration of said activation of said interface element is greater than said lower threshold time and less than said upper threshold time, wherein said options comprise one of said presence and said absence of said audio signal, proximity of said duration of said activation of said interface element to one of said lower threshold time and said upper threshold time, type of said communication device, and a user input clarifying said one of said communication modes intended by a user.

44. The computer implemented system of claim 38, wherein said adaptive recording application further comprises a media signal determination module configured to determine said one of said presence and said absence of said audio signal during and/or after said activation of said interface element.

45. The computer implemented system of claim 44, wherein said media signal determination module is further configured to analyze said audio signal received during and/or after said activation of said interface element for said selection of said one of said communication modes.

46. A computer program product comprising a non-transitory computer readable storage medium, said non-transitory computer readable storage medium storing computer program codes that comprise instructions executable by at least one processor, said computer program codes comprising:

a first computer program code for detecting activation of an interface element on a communication device for initiating recording of a media message;

a second computer program code for determining a duration of said activation of said interface element;

a third computer program code for comparing said duration of said activation of said interface element with one or more configurable timing parameters; and

a fourth computer program code for selecting, in response to said detection of said activation of said interface element, one of a plurality of communication modes for recording said media message based on one or a combination of:

said comparison of said duration of said activation of said interface element with said one or more configurable timing parameters; and

a determination of one of a presence and an absence of a media signal during and/or after said activation of said interface element.

47. The computer program product of claim 46, wherein said computer program codes further comprise a fifth computer program code for configuring said one or more configurable timing parameters based on one of a user input, a system setting configured by an adaptive recording application, an analysis of said duration of said activation of said interface element, and past user behavior determined from prior activations of said interface element.

48. The computer program product of claim 46, wherein said computer program codes further comprise a sixth computer program code for analyzing said media signal received

during and/or after said activation of said interface element for said selection of said one of said communication modes.

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